ORTH & CO.,
UCTORS, HOUSE AND
AGENTS,
ON STREET.
ER NINETY YEARS.
'PHONE—DUBLIN 63.

FOR SALE,
SSESSION.
DENTIAL DISTRICTS.

VICINITY—
Non-basement House,
per annum. Lease 500
diate possession.
AR ROAD—
£4. Lease 146 years to

£1,500. Free of Rent, for
ears, and a charge of
ance of 47 years.
ISE—Detached Residence,
n £125 per annum. Lease

—Price £2,500, subject to
£4 12s. 9d. Lease 54
seen only by appointment.
At present unoccupied.
to £15 per annum.
on 1905.
ched, on about an Acre
den and tennis ground,
rooms and hot water;
£10 per annum. Price
50 years.
NSHIP—Nice House, in
splendid order,
ding to £7 10s. Price
e seen by appointment
es H. North and Co.

ORTH & CO.,
ON STREET.
LYWOOD
on Belfast).
OMMUND
FOR SALE.
and rear gardens; lovely
ilks, free railway ticket
ORRISON, Estate Agent,

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
38-39 SOUTH GT. GEORGE'S ST.

HOUSES WITH POSSESSION.

Maynooth, 63 ACRES—Gentleman's Residence for Sale, with possession. Land all in grass, prime fattening quality, well fenced and watered; only 12 miles from Dublin; 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, hot bath, 2 w.c.'s, modern sanitation, copper cylinder; fine stabling, motor house, cattle sheds, fruit garden. Price moderate. Seen by appointment—Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Pembroke Township—FOR SALE, on favourable terms, residential road, a fine solidly-built semi-detached house, with tennis ground and fine water-house. Held for over five of a ½ rent; price only £2,450, with possession. Drawing-room, dining-room, study and cloakroom on hall floor; 4 good bedrooms, breakfast room, 2 maids' rooms, fine kitchen, scullery, copper cylinder, hot press, electric light throughout; gate entrance. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Mount Merrion Avenue, Blackrock—WITH POSSESSION—Desirable House, 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, hot bath; garden. Price £970. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Dollymount, £1,200—Bright HOUSE, pleasantly situated, on tram line, with possession; electric light and gas; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath; garden and greenhouse. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE AGENTS,
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

EGAN & CO.'S SALES.

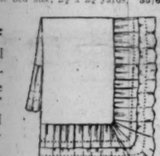
VACANT POSSESSION.
"SOPWELL."
37 UPPER BEECHWOOD AV.,
RANELAGH.
MODERN 8-APARTMENT RESIDENCE.
AUCTION TO-DAY, NOVEMBER 24th,
At 12 noon.
EGAN & CO.,
Auctioneers,
7 LOWER PEMBROKE STREET, DUBLIN.

ENNISKILLEN DISTRICT.
WANTED, in south or west, Small House, garden, and about 10 Acres, secluded and wooded; good site considered. Must be on Lake or Slope. Lease—Box 2385, Eason's Advertising Agency, Dublin.

r real worth, snowy whiteness, fine finish, and
bability of standing real hard wear and washing,
alpoles' Household Linens have been unrivalled
over 150 years.

alpoles' Sale
a splendid opportunity to get this dependable
ality at "Fallen Prices," for many goods are
ered at Half Price—whilst others are 15 to 35
cent. below to-day's prices.

BY 6.
Embroidered Bedspreads,
hemstitched edge. Will wash and wear
ctly. A very superior quality.
bed size, 2 x 2½ yards. 26/11 each.
bed size, 2½ x 2½ yards. 35/6 each.



No. F.P.C.
Fine Frilled Cotton
Pillow Cases.
Fairly bleached. Size 20" x 30". Offered at 4/6 each

Very Handsome
Scalloped and Embroidered Cotton Sheets.
As illustrated.
Single bed size, 2 x 3 yards. Sale Price 31/6 each.
Double bed size, 2½ x 3 yards. Sale Price, 38/6 each.

WALPOLES' PAY CARRIAGE.

Walpoles
Dublin.

ESIDENCE,
N HANDS.
£12 13s. 4d.,
ON THURSDAY,
at 2 o'clock.
ENCE, in perfect
out-offices, garden, and
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MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

THE CLULEY CAR
Two Seater, with Dickey. The latest by M. Cecil Barlow. Built in 1913 of the 4 Cylinder 'en PERFECTION' type, 12 h.p. 4 cyl., engine. Normal 10 h.p., engine to 40 m.p.h. and 60 m.p.g. Tyre size only 6.0. Dynamo lighting and starting. Present price 900 gns.
Fitted forward by an old established Coventry Engineering Firm. Guaranteed to be of the high-class quality and excellent finish associated with our Firm. Demonstration Car in stock. T

WALLEN GARAGES,
TRINITY ST. and ST. ANDREW ST., DUBLIN.
Estd. 1898. 'Phone, 4023.
A1 Wooly, Westland Row—Valley Woods Cars, ready to drive away. T
CHEVROLET CARS.
This Chevrolet has made good in Ireland. Let us sell you why.
Book Now for Early Delivery.
LINCOLN MOTOR CO., 4-7 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

1921 SINGER.
THE
QUALITY LIGHT CAR.
CUMMINS AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 'Phone, 4778. T

DUBLIN MOTOR COMPANY FOR MOTOR CARS.
25 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. T

THE LAST WORD IN LIGHT CARS.
THE 1921 11.9 HILLMAN.
2-SEATER £530
4-SEATER £560
COUPE £610
SOUTH OF IRELAND AGENTS,
THE IRISH MOTOR AND ENGINEERING COMPANY, LTD.,
5-7 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
DODGE BROTHERS' FIVE-SEATER MOTOR, Delivered but Unregistered.
Complete, as new. Any Trial. Owner Purchased Some Months Ago.
Apply to LADY STINGE,
Stingo Field,
BIRR. E

CHARRON, LAYCOCK, WILSON.
THE PERFECTION OF LIGHT CARS.
Or Time for a Few Days only
AT OUR NEW SHOWROOMS.
Every detail of the specification is of the highest class. The equipment is complete, and includes many details usually supplied as extras.
THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO. LTD., 19, 20, and 27 ST. BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN. O

FOR SALE, CHAMBERS CAR, 12/16, just delivered. 5-seater Touring Car, painted grey, fitted Lucas lighting set, spare wheel, and all accessories. A Beautiful Car. Apply
"Z 874, CHAMBERS." THIS OFFICE. X

ALWAYS insist on having Dunlop Tyres. T

A CAR which built up the reputation of the British Motor Industry, and which to-day to a large extent stands out alone. Sole Agent: McTaggart, South King Street.

ALWAYS Open—Best, cheapest, and quickest Overhauls and Repairs, every make of Car.—The Motor Repair Service, Ltd., Baggot st. 'Phone, 4866. 24 28

Ford Model T, 1920 Tourer Car, used less than four months, good tyres all round, two extras, mounted on demountable rims, lamps, horn, mirror, speedometer, spotlight, electric cigarlighter; must up to date in every detail, guaranteed perfect; cost £350 new; Clonmel.

CALCOTT Two Seater, any trial; this car is only lightly used, £300 or near offer.—Z 940, Calcott, this office.

FOR Sale, Ford and Rexauto Landaulette, also light Tourer, both in good condition; owner giving up garage. T

FORD, 1916 Car, perfect condition, only running two years, owner driven; any trial; what offers?—Z 939, Ford, this office.

GENTLEMAN giving up motoring wishes to dispose of his 1920 (Feb. 20) Luxurious Overland, perfect condition, paint unscratched, lighting and starting; duty for 1921; willing to sacrifice.—Z 887, Motor, this office.

LANDAULETTE for Sale, price £550; in first class condition.—Martin Dunne, near Old North Cemetery.

CANADA 1914 Two Seater Coupe, electric lights, excellent condition; owner must sell at once.—Z 941, this office.

MAXWELL 1915 Five Seater, electric light, good running order; price £150; trial.—Z 899, Motor, this office.

MINERVA Landaulette, 26 h.p., first class running order; cheap.—Apply Garage, Ballsbridge.

SAXON 3-4 Seater De Luxe, as new; one of the most reliable and inexpensive cars in Ireland. Seen Friday, Saturday, 56 Rathmines road.

TALBOT Landaulette, 24/30, lighting, just completely overhauled, beautiful car, £600 or near offer.—Z 929, Landaulette, this office.

1920 FRENCH Grey Maxwell, small mileage, guaranteed p.m.o., condition as new; owner received small car; reasonable offer refused.—Z 925, Maxwell, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, &c.

WANTED.
DOCTOR in country requires Chauffeur and General Man for Ford car, nails and mind garden; indoor, 2 in family.—Apply this office. D

DISENGAGED.
CHAUFFEUR, age 28, driver, single, running repairs; useful man otherwise.—Z 81, this office. E

DOMESTICS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

NURSES DISENGAGED.
LADY can recommend Protestant Nurse, children over 1 year; good wages expected. Apply Tuition, Morgan Co. Galway.
WANTED, situation to mind children and help with housework; good reference.—Z 920, Situation, this office.
KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., DISENGAGED.
LAUNDRESS takes Lodging in own house for one or two gentlemen; outdoor drying; moderate.—Z 518, this office.
PROTESTANT Girl wishes situation, Kitchen or Scullerymaid. Seen 64 Lower Dargle st.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

A. T. KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET, Dublin, offers choice and magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Cut, Three, Five Stone Rings, Diamond, Emerald and Cluster Rings, Pearl, Diamond, Emerald, Ruby, Sapphire, and Pearl Pendants, the finest quality, brilliancy and colour.

ARMY and Navy Surplus Stores, including Australian blankets, suitable for wading, fishing, coursing, motor boats, suitable for shooting coats, at 42/6 each; sizes 8 to 12, cost Government £2 19/6, our price to clear 21/6; Government packing cases, 1/6 extra; Hospital Flagle Iron Combination, Reduced and Spring, cost 57/6, our price to clear 21/6; Hillman Cutter, 21/6; Army Blankets, only 5/6, postage, etc., 2/- extra; Waterproof Motor Caps, Rubber lined, with hood, cut either shape, 5/6; Army Boots, 10/6; Army Trousers, 5/6, extra; these goods are all new, never been used—Saturday's Sale Only.—Surplus Stores, 54 North King street, and 8 Ord quay, Cork. T

BILLIARD Table for sale, 10 ft. x 5, good condition, £65; this office. D

FOR Sale, splendid Piano, 30in. x 30in. x 5ft., double door, weight about 6 cwt.; suit jeweller or collector.—Z 497, this office. D

FOR Sale, Billiard and Dining Table (Riley's), 7ft. 4in. x 3ft. 10in., all accessories, good condition; price £30.—Z 446, this office. T

FOR Sale, Boy's Magic Lantern and Slides, 2 Boxes Pictures, and a complete Field Hospital.—Z 462, this office.

HAIR Cutting Machine, 10/6 each; new invention; can be your own barber; present for your gentleman friend.—Shiney's, 47 Dame st., Dublin.

FOR Sale, Two Electric Carpet Sweepers, in fault day Wednesday, also Gasement, 29 lower Sackville st., opposite old G.P.O.; Saturday 3rd, Monday 5th, Tuesday 6th, Stockings, Towels, Rubber Sheets, Umbrellas, Gasement, 3rd floor.—Shiney, 47 Dame st., Dublin. T

MATTRESS Cover, postage 1/-. T

NUMEROUS Hats, Furs, and Fancy Goods, "Shiney" samples, to be cleared at cost prices.—24 Sackville st., 3rd floor. Inspection invited. T

RAILWAY Lost Property Office, Kingsbridge, silk umbrellas, 3/6; postage 1/6 extra; 200 Ladies' and Gents' Trench Coats, Overcoats, Jackets, Blankets, Orties, at given away prices. Note address—9a Grafton st., Dublin. T

RICK COVERS, SACKS, WATERPROOF COVERS, PETRIE BROTHERS, WATERPROOFERS, 35, 36, 37 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

RANGE, 54 inch double oven, rising and open fire, Austion, Fryer, Cox's, Bachelor's Walk. T
SEWING Machines—All makes repaired and Reported; a few Singer Hand Machines cheap to clear; Maugles, Wringers, Washing Machines, Kitchen Utensils, Hughes Bros. and Co., Dawson st, Dublin.

ALL CLASSES OF SACKS FOR SALE.
BARLEY, OATS, POTATO, Etc.
F. J. SMITH and CO.,
54 Harcourt street, Dublin. T

SALE, good Half Dinner Set, Table Cloths, Youth's Office, Reeves st, Bridge. T
TYPEWRITERS from £25 (all makes). Established 25 years.—Norwood, 3 Ormond quay, Dublin. T

ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones, and Old Gold; highest prices given.—Nutt and Son, Grafton House, Grafton st.
DIAMONDS, Gold and Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc. Purchased for cash.—Solomons, Johnson, Ltd., 24 Grafton st.
ENGLISH Barrels Wanted; state number and price expected.—T 334, this office. D
FEATHERS, Beds Wanted; highest prices paid; will send to examine in city.—Irish Feather Co., Ltd., Tara st., Dublin. IRISH FIRM. Official Advertisers. T
GOLD, Silver, Platinum, Jewellery, Diamonds, Pearls, Watches, Antiques, Miniatures, False Teeth.—Walsh, 14 South Anne st. 1218
OLD Artificial Teeth Bought—Parsons wishing to realise extra value should apply to the secretary, Manufacturers, Messrs. Brownlee, instead of the provincial buyers, if forwarded by post value per return or offer made.—Chief Offices, 65 Oxford street, London, W. 1; or 100 years.
WANTED, to Buy Books, Magazines, Novels, Furniture, etc.—Wright, 74 Talbot st. T
WANTED to Buy, Books, Novels, Magazines, Lots or Libraries.—Hodges, 134 Pride st., Dublin. T
WANTED, Hassock Mat (Oval), suitable lights; state price.—T 340, this office. D
WANTED, Full Jardinière; must be good and reasonable.—T 302, this office.
WANTED, £110 cash for Perambulator; must be little use; good condition; state age, maker.—Wicksteed, 10 Cornwall avenue, Blackrock, Dublin.

MACHINERY.

ANYTHING in Engineering Requirements, Land or Marine, General Stores, Pipes, etc., can best be obtained from Tuck's, Lower Abbey st., Dublin. T
A. M. Kinch of Meelick, Ballinasloe, Agent for A. Woolfsons and Moore, Lisle st., Dublin. Telephone, 1250.
A FINLY Industrial Position Co., 42 Prolleg st., for Electric Motors, Petrol Engines, Starting, Lighting Sets, Pumps, Bilgers, etc. 'Phone 4512.
ENGINES 3½ hp. oil and petrol; gas supply from stock. ENGINES 20 hp. to 30 hp. Dublin Engineering Co. of Ireland, Limited, 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk. T
FOR Sale, Gas Engine (Crossley's), about 9 b.h.p., in good condition, complete with pump and tank; can be seen this week running.—Harris and Beale, Grand Canal quay, Cork. T
FOR Sale, Robey Steam Breaker, 12in. x 10in., steel frame, 3 speed and 4 grade gearing, complete.—J. F. Harding, Glenfarne.
FOR Sale, Complete Lighting Installation, consisting of 100 lamps, guaranteed working efficiently; also Pirtime.—Shiney, Fort Henry, Killiney. T
FOR Sale, Gas Engine, 4 h.p. Horizontal Roter Engine, 4 h.p. Gasmeter cylinder and 55in. stroke, fitted with Independent exhaust and inlet valve gear and barring round head gear.—Dublin Brick Co., Ltd., Dolphin's Barn, Dublin.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

WANTED.
CHASSIS Wanted, Lancia, Fiat, Talbot, or Sunbeam, about 20 h.p. R.A.C. Rate plate, full particulars.—T 305, this office.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" MOTOR Cycles waiting for you—New Models, Enfield, Humber, Harley Davidson, New Imperial, Rudge-Whitworth, and All-in-one Combinations, Brim Mounts—Sutherland, Haslers, Lewis, Diamond, Sparkbrook, Ivy, Lucas Dynamos in Stock, Secondhand Machines always for sale. Lennox st. Established 1880. 'Phone, 50510. T

TRIUMPH MOTOR CYCLES.
SOLO MODELS AND COMBINATIONS.
Delivery from Stock.
WALLEN GARAGES,
TRINITY STREET and ST. ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.
Estd. 1898. 'Phone, 4023.
A1 Wooly, Westland Row—Unsurpassed value, 6 horse Martinsyde Combinations, £170. Immediate delivery. T
A1 Wooly, Westland Row—Single and Twin B.S.A.'s; immediate from stock. T

ENFIELD, DOUGLAS, BLACKBURNE MOTOR CYCLES.
GOOD STOCK SPARES, ACCESSORIES, Etc.
REPAIRS TO ANY MAKE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Agents: BURNET BROS.,
67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN. 12 24

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gommie, 20 Newbridge, Wandsworth st. (opposite Four Courts); new firm.
A.J.S. 5 Combination, as new, £135; Imperial 2½, £60; 3½, two speed, £40; Rudge, 3½, £55; Scott, 3½, £60; Rover, 3½, £60; Douglas, 2½, £45; Enfield, 2½, £40; Royal Enfield, 2½, two speed, £45; trial and part-exchange.—Wherrett and Hickey, Rathmines road.
MOTOR Scooter for Sale; excellent condition.—T 453, this office. D
7-9 POWER Fiat Indian, fully equipped and in perfect order; price £120; can be seen any evening between 6.30 and 7 o'clock, or by appointment.—1 Lotus Cottages, Terenure.
1920 ZENITH Special Competition Model, 500 miles, as new.—Herald Motors, near Russell's Hotel, Stephen's Green. E

WANTED
MOTOR Cycles of every description Purchased for cash or Sold on commission.—Fitzgerald's, 50 Rathmines road.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

ALWAYS AT THE TOP.
"KARRIER," COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
THE WORLD'S BEST CAR FOR COMMERCE.
They represent power, quality, reliability, and efficiency. Full particulars from
MOTOR HIRAGE AND SALES CO., LTD., 100 St. Brunswick street, Dublin.
'Phone, 3052. T

FOR Sale, 3 Ton Petrol Lorry; Char-a-Banc for Hire. Tonnage or Daily Hire Rates on application to T. W. Miller, Motor Engineer, 22 City quay, Dublin. 'Phone, 2177.
FOR Sale, 3 Ton Caledon Motor Lorry. For full particulars apply Tedcastle, McCormick and Co., 15 Great Brunswick st., Dublin.
FOR Sale, 2 Ton Commer Lorry, platform body, enclosed canopy; Scout Car, Lorry, Saddle, complete; cost price £450; would take 1 Ton Ford or Chevrolet Lorry in part payment.—Z 958, this office.
HAULAGE by Motor Lorries, daily or tonnage rates. Apply to Shiney, Motor Engineer, 54 North King st., Dublin. 'Phone, 255.
IMMEDIATE Delivery of the new Commer Lorry, fitted with driver's cab, wind screen, flat lorry body, complete.—Thompson's Motor Car Co., Ltd., Dublin, Belfast, and Cork.
3-TON 4PA Motor Lorry, perfect order, off contract price £350.—Apply Lorry, this office. D

BODIES.

BODIES for the Ford One Ton Chassis.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st., Dublin. T

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BOSCH Magnetos, guaranteed genuine and brand new; a limited number only in stock.—The Irish Motor and Engineering Company, Ltd., Dublin. T
STOCKARD Ford Wheels in stock.—City Wheel Works, Ltd., 104 Great Brunswick st., Dublin. T
SALE, Lucas, Bosch, Miller, Smith Magnetos, all Accessories, Tyres, Tubes, Etc.—Anderson, 11 South King st. T
SET Brass Acetylene Motor Lamps, Gent's Motor Coat, large size.—T 513, this office. E

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NEW Shop Soiled Bicycles (Ladies' and Gents'), Hand B.S.A., New Hudson, Premier, Rover, etc., from £6; genuine bargains. Set them at Wards Bros., Ltd., 30 to 36 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin. T
BICYCLES, Bargains.—Ladies' and Gents' Raleighs, Rovers, Triumphs, Swift, Waite, B.S.A., Humber, Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. T
GENTS' Rover, Triumph, New-Hudson Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, 1920 Models now available; catalogue free. No advance in prices.—Dublin Depot, 1 Stephen's Green. T
LADY'S Triumph Bicycle for Sale, perfect order, price £7 10/; 56G, this office. D
RALEIGHS, Humbers, Enfields, Swifts.—Price Brothers, Chatham st. (immediately off Grafton st.). 12 22

WANTED.
WANTED, 500 Ladies' and Gents' high grade Second-hand Bicycles; prompt cash.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

CHAUFFEUR CONTINUED. DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR (Protestant) seeks situation; driving, running repairs; would valet.—Robert Maguire, Westbury Lodge, Stillorgan.
CHAUFFEUR, any car; Protestant; married; personally useful; terms.—Williams, Ballycorus, Aylesbury, Darcy. A

MACHINERY CONTINUED.

FOR SALE,
52 H.P. FIELDING GAS ENGINE AND SUCTION PLANT, new 1912. Can be seen running.
100 LIGHT GAS METER, new 1917.
1,600 GALLONS WROUGHT IRON TANK.
DOUBLE PURCHASE BARREL WINCH.
PULLEYS, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, etc.
ALLAN DORMAN, LARNE.
'Phone—Larne, 48.

FOR Sale, Steel Sashes, partly grooved bars, 5' 0" wide, 8' 0" high, 12 with hoppers, 6 no hoppers.—T 423, this office. D
FOR Sale, 7 h.p. Fowler Traction Engine, partly dismantled; boiler retubed, lot of new parts, ready for reassembling or suitable for spare parts.—T 515, this office. E
COKE Prompt Sale and Delivery—Two New "Silbeling" Montgrain Rolling Machines, having two Beech Rollers 4' 0" long, 18in. diameter, with Steel Grooves; one New Tinned Copper Vroom Cooler; Three Steel Shafts, 100 mm. diameter, 3 Steel Pulleys, Tinned inside, about 5' 0" long by 2' 0" diameter; Disc Mill Bipeling Twins (tinned inside), 6' 0" x 2' 0"; Disc Mill Bipeling Twins (tinned inside), 6' 0" x 2' 0"; 4' 0" Mill Bipeling Twins (tinned inside), 6' 0" x 2' 0"; Starter for 9 Coolers, also for Mother Culture Starter; Starter for 3 Coolers, also for Mother Culture Starter.—Z 917, this office. D
GRINDING and Bruising Mills, Pulpers, Chaff Cutters, Food Mixers, from stock.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Limited, 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

MILLING MACHINE, UNIVERSAL.—Small stock.—BOOTH BROS., Stephen st., Dublin.

REPAIRS to Lawn and Meadow Mowers; Reapers and Binders in Stock; Wearing Parts for all makes of Engines.—Shiney, 47 Dame st., Dublin. T
SEVERAL Sets Rack new Benches, from £30 to £145. Further particulars from R. C. Harding, Glenfarne.
STEAM Tractor or Motor Engine, by Garrett, 21 h.p., in perfect working order, £650.—Apply Harding, Glenfarne.
VERTICAL Boiler, 12' 6"x 4' 6" 4 cross tubes, all mountings complete, £230.—R. C. Harding, Glenfarne.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8.

Do 'Nerves' trouble you?

If you get irritable, 'nervy,' or depressed, you can usually trace the cause to a greater expenditure of nervous energy than the body has been able to replace.

Nervous energy is derived from the blood supply which should transmit to the whole network of the nerves sufficient nutritive material to repair the daily wastage and maintain *a continuous supply* of new nervous energy

Nerve sufferers should try a course of 'Wincarnis.'

Because 'Wincarnis' is a Tonic, a Restorative, a Blood builder, and a Nerve-invigorator—all in one.

That is why over 10,000 Doctors recommend it.

WINCARNIS
All Wine Merchants and Licensed Chemists and Grocers sell 'Wincarnis.'
Small size 3/3 — Large size 6/-
AGENTS:
F. A. WYATT & Co.
Commercial Bldgs., DUBLIN

MORRIS-OXFORD CARS.

JOHN PRIOLEAU, the "Daily Mail" Motoring Expert,
Having tested most of the Cars on the market on behalf of that paper has now purchased a Morris-Oxford for his own personal use, as he states:—

"I found the Morris-Oxford an astonishingly good Car. It is one of the most lively and responsive Cars I have yet sat in, and although it weighs only 16 cwt. all on, it sits the road as if it weighed twice as much. It is fast, and the engine is well balanced and smooth running as any I have known at any price. I have, I am afraid, rhapsodised a good deal over this Car, but I consider it marks a very real advance in Motor Car design, and I think it is remarkably cheap."

Price:
Two-Seater Complete ... £535
Four " " ... £590
Coupe " " ... £675 AT WORKS.
Two-Seater Morris-Cowley ... £465
Four " " ... £525

ORDER NOW FOR GOOD DELIVERY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR IRELAND (Excluding Ulster):
G. A. BRITTAIN, Ltd., Hatch Street, Dublin.

Every Night and Always
I use *Pomeroy Skin Food* because I want my complexion *always* clean, clear, and beautiful.
It does what soap and water cannot do, gets right *into* the skin and thoroughly cleanses it, at the same time feeding it and smoothing out wrinkles and lines—nothing else does quite that.
Pomeroy Skin Food
2/3, 4/9 and 6/6 Jars.
Of Rich Arran Cheviot Fleeces
MRS. POMEROY, LTD.
67, Grafton Street, Dublin.
(Trade enquiries: 13, Crow Street.)

Costumes
Dyeing Costumes to new shades requires not only an up-to-date process but delicate treatment throughout.
It is owing to the care and attention we devote to every detail of our work that the Dartry process of dyeing is unsurpassed.
Dartry Dye Works, DUBLIN.

NEW WOODEN HUTS.
Dwellings, Bungalows, Offices, Workshops, Motor-Car Houses, Pavilions, Stables, Stores, Canteens, Greenhouses, Frames, Heating Apparatus, Rustic Work, Barrows, Shears, Asbestos Sheets, Poultry Appliances of every description; Glass, Horticultural, Window and Picture.
Illustrated List Post Free.
T. BATH & CO., LTD.,
10 SAVOY STREET, LONDON, W.C.2.

Here's a New Shape for your Old Hat
Your last year's Velour or Felt will serve again if you have it cleaned or dyed—and altered to a fashionable model. PRICE do the complete job.
Prices from 4/6
Ask for Fashion List at the Receiving Offices
A. BELL & SONS, Ltd.
Dyers and Cleaners
Dublin—2 Stephen's Green, N. . . Tel. 1120

DUBLIN GUARDIANS.

COAL FOR THE POOR.

The Guardians of Dublin Union met yesterday, Miss Oates (Vice-Chairman) presiding.

Mr. Beck moved that in each case of outdoor relief, and which was recommended by the Relieving Officer, a bag of coal should be given each fortnight during the months of December and January. There were a couple of thousand tons of coal in the Union at present.

Mr. Bowen said that he was not satisfied that the poorest people always got the coal, and that the Union could afford to provide it.

Mr. Beck—But it can afford to pay the Clerk £900 per annum and the Master almost £2,000.

Mr. Bowen—Five hundred tons of coal a month would mean an outlay of about £2,000. The Union has hardly money enough to carry on as it is until the end of the year.

Mr. Beck—Cut 25 per cent. off officials' salaries.

The Clerk—You will cut nothing off my salary; you would not like your own salary cut; nor would the labour men like their wages cut.

Mr. Beck—I do not think I ought to take that remark from you, Mr. Clerk, about the labour men if they give vans for their wages.

Mr. Healy—I object to these personal remarks.

Mr. Bowen—If you pass this resolution, you may close this institution.

Miss Gustonson—The coal should be given, should we beg for it.

The Chairman—Close the institution! Would you have the poor die on the street?

The Clerk—But if the baker may refuse to send flour or the butcher meat, what can we do? Last week the bakers telephoned for their cheques, and it was sent to them, but until then they would not send another bag of flour.

Mr. Healy said that the outdoor relief was subject to great abuse. Were they satisfied that it was not given to anyone not in the worst need, or who should not be better helped by relatives?

Mrs. Gustonson—Abuse of outdoor relief was popular some years ago. In the North Union, after searching investigation, only four or five cases were discovered in which the Guardians could justify the stopping of it.

The motion was carried, Mr. Bowen dissenting.

THE LATE FATHER GRIFFIN.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Beck, sincere sympathy was tendered to the bishop, priests, and people of Galway on the terrible loss they had sustained by the untimely and cruel death of Father Griffin.

COMPOUNDER ASKS LEAVE.

Mr. J. T. Doyle, compounder of the Union, wrote asking leave for the winter months to enable him to go to Africa, as his health was unsatisfactory. He said that Mr. Casary, who was doing his holiday duty, would act at a salary of £3 3/, which would be less than he was receiving.

The application was referred to the Finance Committee.

TRADES UNIONISM.

Mr. Nolan proposed, Mr. O'Brien seconded, and it was resolved—"That all employés of the Board should produce their trade union cards of membership once per month for inspection by trades union officials."

A Washington telegram, dated Wednesday, states that Mr. Baker, Secretary of State for War, has revoked the permission granted to the Western Union Cable Company to lay cables at Miami, Florida. The reason for this action has not been stated.

LAW REPORTS.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED LETTING.—At Nisi Prius, Dublin, yesterday, before Mr. Justice Moore and a city common jury, the action brought by Mrs. Norah Rogers against Mrs. Jane O'Donoghue, to recover possession of the house, 24 Gardiner's place, Dublin, was decided. The defendant pleaded the Increase of Rent Act, and also the lack of alternative accommodation. The plaintiff was the owner in fee of the house, the ground rent of which is £7 a year. She occupied it, and took in the defendant as a lodger some time previous to October, 1917. In that month, as she wanted to visit her mother at Silvermines, Co. Tipperary, she agreed to let the house and furniture to the defendant at £1 a week. She told the defendant that she could give her only a weekly letting, as she might be coming back very soon after her mother's death. Her mother lived for three years, and plaintiff did not trouble the defendant for possession of the house until after her mother's death, when she wanted it as a home for herself. There were thirteen rooms in the house, with stable attached. The plaintiff served notice to quit, which expired on March 1st, and possession was demanded and refused. The defendant pleaded that the house had been let to her, apart from the furniture. The jury found that the rent of £1 a week included payment for the use of the furniture. This was a verdict for the plaintiff, the point being that the house was let as a furnished one, and was not to be brought under the Increase of Rent Act. Judgment was entered accordingly, and defendant undertook to give up peaceable possession on the 31st December next. Mr. Swayne, K.C., and Mr. Hubert Hamilton (instructed by Mr. J. P. Tuite) appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. F. Sullivan, K.C., and Mr. D. B. Sullivan (instructed by Mr. Francis Clinch) were counsel for the defendant.

INJUNCTION AT TENANTS.—In the Chancery Division, before Mr. Justice Powell, in the matter of Hubert De Burgh Fitzgerald Townsend against James Maguire and thirteen others, Mr. J. M. Fitzgerald (instructed by Messrs. Collins and Kennedy) applied on behalf of the plaintiff for an injunction to restrain the defendants, and each of them, their servants and agents, from entering upon the lands of Aghills, known as Shepperton Hog, near Skibbereen, Co. Cork. The defendants were formerly tenants to the plaintiff, of holdings on other parts of his estate, and they had agreed to purchase, but the sale was not yet completed. The tenants, acting in concert, demanded that a bog which the plaintiff had reserved out of the sale should be divided up, and allocated among them as an appurtenance to their holdings, but the plaintiff refused. On several occasions between the 2nd and 10th of last July, the defendants forcibly entered, and took possession of the bog, and destroyed the land and the turf thereon, and still claimed to exclude the plaintiff therefrom. The defendants had done permanent and irreparable damage to the lands by the flooding and prevention of reclamation, and the removal of turf, fir, and sub-soil. Mr. Justice Powell granted the injunction, and also made an order for an inquiry as to damage, and gave the plaintiff his costs.

CHEMIST'S ACTION SETTLED.—Before Mr. Justice Moore, the case of William J. Heaning, registered druggist, Larne, against W. H. M'Mullen, pharmaceutical chemist, was settled on terms. The action was brought for damages arising out of the transfer of the defendant's business at Larne to the plaintiff. Mr. Williamson, K.C., with whom was Mr. Megaw (instructed by Mr. J. M. O'Brien), for the plaintiff, informed the judge that the action arose out of a breach of contract in regard to the sale of a chemist's business. The matter had been settled, the terms being that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff £275, and that all imputations against the defendant in respect of the sale should be withdrawn. Counsel on behalf of the plaintiff accordingly withdrew the claim. Mr. Hanna, Mr. J. M. Whitaker, K.C., and Mr. R. J. Fox (instructed by Mr. John Graham) appeared for the defendant. The costs were agreed to.

CLAIM FOR POSSESSION.—In the King's Bench Division, before Mr. Justice Kenny, Mr. Justice Dodd, and Mr. Justice Gordon, in the case of Mrs. Rachel Cleary, of Waterloo road, Pembroke, Dublin, v. Mrs. Jennie Porter, Mr. St. L. Irwin (instructed by Messrs. Brown and M'Cann) for the plaintiff, applied for an order for final judgment for possession of the premises, 47 Waterloo road. The premises, it was stated, were held at a rent of £65 a year, and a tenancy had been terminated by notice to quit, expiring on the 15th October, 1920. The landlord of the plaintiff's present residence, 9 Waterloo road, had determined her tenancy on the 1st of last March, and the plaintiff had given the defendant particulars of three houses as alternative accommodation. Mr. Carson (instructed by Mr. W. J. M. Coulter) opposed the application on behalf of the defendant, who denied that she was able to obtain suitable alternative accommodation. The Court held that the case was not one for a summary judgment, and refused the application, making the costs of both parties costs in the action.

RABBIT SKINS CONTRACT.—In the King's Bench Division judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Gordon and Mr. Justice Sankey in the case of John Doherty against Morris. An order had been made giving leave to the plaintiff, who carries on business in Londonderry, to serve the writ out of the jurisdiction on the defendant, who carries on business in London, on the ground that the contract, which was for rabbit skins, was entered into in Ireland. The present application was to set aside that order on the ground that the contract was not entered into within the jurisdiction. Counsel for the defendant said that no contract was entered into at any place, and that the goods, the price of which was sued for, were merely sent by the plaintiff to the defendant as a speculation to see if the defendants would buy them. The plaintiff, on the other hand, stated that he had been selling rabbit skins to the defendant, and that in the course of business was for the defendant to send his price list, and if the plaintiff considered the prices sufficient he sent on the skins, the defendant paying the carriage and full market price on delivery. Mr. Justice Gordon held that when the goods were delivered to the steamship company the contract was entered into, and it was, therefore, entered into in Ireland. The balance of convenience was in favour of a trial in Ireland rather than in England. The application was, therefore, refused with costs. Mr. Justice Sankey concurred. Mr. Finlay (instructed by Mr. John M'Cormick) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Phelps (instructed by Messrs. Hayes and Son) appeared for the defendant.

PROTRACTED AND COSTLY LITIGATION.—In the King's Bench Division, before Mr. Justice Dodd, in the case of Mrs. Georgina W. Bradshaw, of Mount Temple, Clontarf, v. Louis McMallan, auctioneer, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin, Mr. Monaghan (instructed by Messrs. Wm. Smyth and Son), for the plaintiff, applied for an order entering a judgment of the King's Bench Division, pursuant to an order of the House of Lords made on the 13th May, 1920, on the hearing of a petition by way of appeal from the Irish Courts. The action was brought by Mrs. Bradshaw against Mr. McMullen for the recovery of certain sales of rent due in respect of premises in Bachelor's Walk held by him from her under an agreement for a lease. The agreement provided that the tenant should pay a rent of £240 a year, to include all rates and taxes. Mr. McMullen contended that this agreement placed upon Mrs. Bradshaw the obligation of paying all poor rates, as well as other rates and taxes. Mrs. Bradshaw's case was that the agreement did not cover poor rates, as Section 52 of the Local Government Act, 1898, placed the liability for poor rates on the tenant. The action was originally tried before Sir James Campbell, then Lord Chief Justice, without a jury, and he entered judgment in favour of the plaintiff. On an application on behalf of the defendant for a new trial the King's Bench Divisional Court set aside this judgment, and entered judgment for the defendant. On appeal the Court of Appeal affirmed the decision of the Divisional Court. Mrs. Bradshaw appealed, and the House of Lords reversed the decision of the Court of Appeal, and directed that the King's Bench Division should enter judgment accordingly. Mr. Justice Dodd made an order entering judgment for the plaintiff accordingly.

THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Thursday, November 25, 1920.
COURT OF APPEAL.—For Hearing.—Interlocutory Appeal—M'Guilty v. O'Neill. Final Appeal—Maguire v. Maguire.
CHANCERY DIVISION.—Lord Chancellor, In Lunacy.—Before the Registrar.—11.30.—Keastry, Murphy and Mooney; do., H. B. Burton and Son; do., Sheridan, Sullivan, Sullivan, and Sullivan; adj. summons, Sullivan; do., Sullivan and Sullivan; adj. summons, Gordon; settle. report, Baker, Ringwood and Gordon; do., Baker, Ringwood and Gordon; do., Baker, Ringwood and Gordon; Yeh. ors. v. Crosbie; do., Fryer and Gordon. Before the Chief Clerk, 11.—Guardian of a minor; Leahy, minors; Connolly, minors; Dore, minors.
ROLLS.—Action—Nisbett v. Nisbett. Petition—Cosgrave, Ltd., and the Arklow Estates, Ltd. Motions—Allan v. Flint; Hastings v. Hastings. Before Mr. Justice Sankey.—Motions—Cleary and Finlay; M'Causland v. M'Donnell; Hill v. Brophy and Ors.; Ash and Ors. and Horan. Wednesday, 1st December. Action—O'Hara v. Hayes. 11.—M'Cann, Ltd., v. Dublin Corporation; Hixon; Tench v. Bonfort; Dawson v. Wogan; Kania v. Kania.
MR. JUSTICE POWELL.—Adjourned Summonses.—Montgomery v. Montgomery. At Chambers.—M'Kinley v. Whelan. Wednesday, 1st December. Actions.—Hands v. Hands. Before the Chief Clerk.—Tighe v. Tighe; Minnock v. Minnock's Co's Acts. Before Mr. Justice Powell.—Insurance Co. Stewart v. Smith; Insurance Co. Stewart v. Campbell; Insurance Co. Steele v. Steele; Hitchcock v. Dunne. Before Dr. Webb, at Chambers.—Matters of dinch queries.
TAXING OFFICE.—Master Kilbride, 11. Exors. Testator.—Arrangement Homes & Colliery, Irish Land Commission v. M. Eubeck, White and White; Commane, J. and J. Gaffney; do., Irish Land Commission v. Hickey; do., Irish Land Commission v. Hickey; Clark and Co. v. Murphy; Bolton v. Montgomery; Lord Chancellor; Parkes v. Parkes; Exors. Estate of Parkes; Public Trustee v. Lord Chancellor; Lord Chancellor; M'Mahon and Son; Hegarty v. Hegarty; Hegarty v. Hegarty; Hegarty v. Hegarty; Hegarty v. Hegarty.
LAND JUDGES.—Mr. Justice Wylie, in his own Court at the conclusion of the Land Commission List. Before the Chief Land Commissioner.—In the Court-Ex. Thos. G. Kiest, Esq., solicitor, Land-Chess, Chamber.—H. Irvine, Esq., No. 1715; Lord Athlumney, No. 1716; Jerome Feeney, Esq., solicitor (Bird land vest). Receiver Office.—Mr. Peck, Examiner. In Application for Direction—Hanlon v. Rogers, from 23rd inst.
KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—In Court 1, at 11. For Judgment.—Owen Side—The King (Moore) v. Bennett, Lord Ath. Next Trial Motion.—Morgan v. Morgan and another. Crown Side (continued).—Exparte Motions.—On behalf of Daddy, infants, part heard. In Court 2, at 10.30 o'clock.—Motions on Not

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REPORTS.

AND DEPARTURES.

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Menevia, from Holyhead, ss. Blackrock, ss. Lady with goods; ss. Tiger, ds; ss. Brier, from Heysham, from Cardiff, with s. Lavernock, ss. Clydeside, with coals; ss. Girtrud, ss. Talacre, ss. Irena, from ss. Mayflower, ss. Blackcoals; ss. Sarah Brough, ss. Kingstown, from Saint Mirren, ss. Stagwith coals; ss. Sard, from ss. Spined, from Ayr, with n Ardrossan, with coals; iverpool, with empty barm Manchester, with empty from Manchester, with Foel.

—Ss. Menevia, for Holyhead; ss. Classic, ss. Lady with goods; ss. Brier, for s. Dublin, for Manchester, for Cardiff, with goods; erpool, with porter; ss. Galway, with porter; ss. light); ss. Pelleide, for ire, for Cardiff, light; ss. er, light; ss. Glenageary, s. Ben Reis, for Carrickfirth, for Troon, light; ss. ady Firth, for Swansea, rdford for Ayr, light.

The London County Council the Premier yesterday ayment in the metropolis. that the chief difficulty ecuring of land so as to ork, but the Government work in hand.

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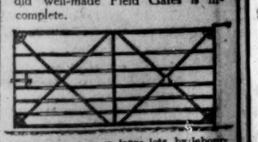

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THE "FREEMAN'S JOURNAL" CASE.

COURTMARTIAL AT ROYAL BARRACKS.

CHARGES OF PUBLISHING FALSE REPORTS.

A General Courtmartial assembled at the Royal Barracks, yesterday, for the purpose of investigating the charges brought by the military authorities against the *Freeman's Journal* newspaper, alleging the publication of "false reports and reports calculated to cause disaffection." The reports had relation to the alleged flogging of a youth in Portobello Barracks and the killing of two policemen near Tullow.

The defendants cited were—The *Freeman's Journal*, 1919, Ltd.; Mr. Martin Fitzgerald, and Mr. R. Hamilton Edwards, directors, and Mr. F. G. Hooper, editor.

Messrs. T. M. Healy, K.C.; E. A. Swayne, K.C.; and T. J. Moloney (instructed by Messrs. Miley and Miley) appeared for the defence.

MR. HEALY AND ANOTHER CHARGE.

The President having formally opened the proceedings, the accused were asked to say whether or not they objected to the membership of the Court investigating the charges.

Mr. Healy, replying for the accused, said that there was no objection by any of them to any member of the Court individually, but they objected strenuously as members of the Press connected with a newspaper to be tried by courtmartial. In England, under the Defence of the Realm Act, every Press offence must be tried by a jury, and they respectfully protested that a Press offence should be tried by gallant officers, wholly unacquainted with newspaper production, as an attack on the liberty of the Press.

The President said that that objection would be recorded.

Mr. Healy then referring to the summary of evidence that had been laid before the Court asked whether that summary embraced the Ardprior case, with which the Crown had served them with notice that they would not proceed.

It was a most important case. Counsel submitted that they were entitled, if ordinary soldiers being tried by courtmartial, to have a plea of not guilty—they were entitled to a dismissal upon it. It was not sufficient to charge them in a summons with being guilty of publishing a false report and then to be told by a gentleman in a private letter that they were not going on with the case, the whole facts being that their accuracy as journalists was impeached in three charges. It was wholly contrary to military law to bring a number of gentlemen there and keep them there for days while that charge was being investigated privately, namely, that the military fired on an individual, and that they falsely alleged that the officer gave the word to fire. They had been brought to enormous expense; they had doctors summoned, and the moment the Crown learned that the man's wounds were at the front instead of at the back they abandoned that charge by means of a private note to them. He submitted that the charge must be gone into or else that they were entitled to their finding of a public acquittal on a base charge. Counsel read the letter dated 19th November, from General Headquarters, in which it was stated—"In view of the fact that it is not proposed to proceed in respect of the Ardprior case summonses to attend will not be served on the two doctors referred to in your letter of yesterday's date." That, to his mind, was a most paralysing thing—that any court of justice, and especially any court of justice where they were with gentlemen—

The President (interrupting) pointed out that he was not even cognisant of the charge referred to by counsel.

Mr. Healy—You ought to know. The Crown, he proceeded, made a charge of 4 false statement on three heads. They withdrew one of them secretly by that document—the most important case of all—and they declared that they would not go on with it after putting them in such trouble, much expense and infinite labour. He submitted that it was contrary to military justice not to get an acquittal there. He maintained that they should have before them the whole of the facts of the case. You have, he said, the allegation of the Government, which has been fought out for days and days, and then, after 400 magistrates and five were liars, they admits, as they had to admit, that they dare not bring the charge and sustain it before the Court. They were entitled to an acquittal on that charge. Counsel referred to the form of the summons against the defendants, and said that the prosecutors sneaked out saying—and we will allow this terrible charge to remain a stigma on the officer concerned and being no charge. No soldier could be charged and then have the whole thing cushioned by a device of this kind. It was a shameful travesty of justice.

PROSECUTING COUNSEL'S REPLY.

Mr. Cecil Fforde, K.C., prosecuting counsel, submitted that Mr. Healy had made a speech about the matter that was not before the Court. He understood the charge in respect of the Ardprior case had been withdrawn, and only two cases were to be tried.

Mr. Healy pointed out that the form of the statement was "In view of the fact that it is not proposed to proceed in respect of the Ardprior case."

Prosecuting Counsel said that Mr. Healy stated that the Ardprior case was the most important. It was no more important than the two cases before the Court.

Mr. Healy—It was the main case.

Mr. Cecil Fforde—I should say that the Tullow case is the more serious.

Mr. Healy—Are we entitled to an acquittal?

The President said that the matter was not before the Court, but Mr. Healy's protest would be recorded.

Mr. Healy remarked that at a future stage he would draw attention to the effect of the case on the proceedings.

The President then read the charges which were before the Court, and pleas of not guilty were entered on behalf of the defendants.

Mr. Healy mentioned that Mr. Hooper, one of the defendants, was in Canada at the time of the first publication complained of.

It was intimated by the prosecution that the charge in that respect would be dropped as against Mr. Hooper.

THE CASE OPENED.

Mr. Cecil Fforde then stated that the prosecution against the *Freeman's Journal* and the two directors was in consequence of a paragraph that appeared on the 16th September, and it was brought under Section 27 of the Restoration of Order in Ireland Regulation in reference to the spreading of false reports or the making of false statements, or statements intended or likely to cause disaffection to his Majesty. Proceeding to refer to the publication in question he said he could convince no man on earth,

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Amiens street Station, Dublin,
23rd November, 1920.

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WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—A depression centred over the Bristol Channel appears to be moving northward. The wind direction will vary locally in the South-West, but over the Kingdom generally it will be from some easterly point. Much cloud, with some rain, will be experienced, and in many districts the temperature will be higher than of late.

Ireland.—N.W. and N.E.—Wind mainly easterly, fresh or strong; cloudy or overcast; some rain or sleet; visibility indifferent to fair; moderate temperature.

Ireland.—S.E. and S.W.—Wind variable direction, strong at times; variable cloud; some rain or hail; visibility fair; moderate temperature.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day ....Morning 10.33 | Evening 10.54
To-morrow .. " 11.14 | " 11.34

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day ....Rises ... 8.7 | Sets 4.16
To-morrow .. " 8.9 | " 4.15

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.16 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal.—Hippodrome, 7 to 9 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre.—Charley's Aunt," 7 p.m.
Queen's Theatre.—"Moderation," 6.45 p.m.
Empire Theatre—7 to 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre.—7 to 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre.—John Bull's Other Island."
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, etc., 2.30 to 9 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—3 to 9 p.m.
Princess Cinema.—Kathleen—Continuous.
Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion Pictures, 3 to 9 p.m.
Kingstown Picture House—Continuous.
Rathmines Hall, Belgrave Square—Missionary Sale of Work, 3 to 9 p.m.

The Irish Times.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1920.

Three policemen and two civilians were wounded in an ambush at Ballygawley, County Tyrone, on Tuesday night. The wounds, except in the case of one of the civilians, are not serious.—(P. 5.)

Thomas Flynn, a farmer's son, living near Castlerea, was shot dead by masked men on Tuesday night.—(P. 5.)

Walter Kerin, a young Kerry man, is in hospital in Listowel with a bullet wound in the hip. Men surrounded his house and fired at him when he tried to escape.—(P. 5.)

Armed robbers entered the military pensions office in Cork yesterday and carried away a sum of £1,000.—(P. 4.)

Thomas Frahey, who was one of the twelve persons injured in the bomb explosion in Cork on Tuesday night, died yesterday. This is the third death.—(P. 5.)

Several arrests were made in Dublin yesterday. In the six days ending 23rd inst. 129 people have been arrested in the city. Large numbers are being taken up in the country.—(P. 5.)

The trial by general courtmartial of the *Freeman's Journal*, Limited, and Mr. Martin Fitzgerald and Mr. R. Hamilton Edwards, directors, for publishing alleged false reports in regard to the shootings at Tullow began yesterday in the Royal Barracks, Dublin.—(P. 3.)

The arrangements for the funerals of the officers murdered in Dublin on Sunday last are published to-day.—(P. 4.)

The House of Lords last night continued the debate on the second reading of the Home Rule Bill. The speakers included Viscount Grey, Lords Salisbury, Londonderry, Bryce, and Armaghdale.—(P. 5.)

After hearing Sir Hamar Greenwood's statement on the murder campaign and the revolutionary plots to smash the British Empire, the House of Commons last night amended Mr. Asquith's motion so as to express support of the forces of the Crown, and approval of the Government's efforts to break the terror in Ireland. The motion, thus amended, was passed without a division.—(P. 5.)

In connection with the mutiny of Connaught Rangers in India last summer 61 non-commissioned officers and men have been found guilty by courtmartial. One private was shot. Other death sentences were commuted to penal servitude.—(P. 5.)

In London yesterday the Stock Markets were very dull, and closed with a depressed appearance. Money was in more urgent demand, and discount business was quiet. Gold recovered to 117s. per oz. Silver showed a further drop. Dublin market was very flat; Dunlops again fell severely.

Law and Murder.

The resolution which Mr. Asquith moved in Parliament yesterday, on behalf of the Liberal minority and the Labour Party, made thirteen lines of print. Five of these denounced the callous and widespread campaign of murder in Ireland. Eight denounced the reprisals which this abominable campaign has provoked, and suggested that it could be stopped by methods of "pacification." The resolution was curiously unbalanced; but it is something that the Government's critics should admit the existence of the murder conspiracy, at all. Hitherto they have ignored it utterly and have condemned reprisals as the outcome of sheer original sin in the King's police and soldiery—a horrible and mysterious example of *abiogenesis* in the domain of crime. The attitude could not be maintained after the dreadful and elaborately organised murders on Sunday in Dublin. Indeed, Mr. Asquith and his friends realised so clearly the effect of those murders on British public opinion that they tried to postpone the debate which they had demanded. They failed, and we are glad that they failed. No wise man can support a policy of reprisals on either moral or political grounds. No well-informed man can deny that in some cases, under intense provocation, reprisals have been committed. It is impossible, however, to judge the situation fairly without a full understanding of the aims, methods, and actions of the murder campaign, and of all the sinister influences against which the Crown's forces in Ireland are upholding life and order. There is an atmosphere in which reprisals cannot exist or be conceived. That is the normal atmosphere of civilised countries. There is another atmosphere in which the friends and defenders of law endure, daily and nightly, the almost intolerable strain of conflict with a subtle, implacable, and conscienceless enemy. That is the atmosphere which, like a miasma, broods to-day over Ireland. Sir Hamar Greenwood analysed it yesterday in a speech that sets the real Irish problem in true proportion before the world.

The truth is that the Crown's forces are engaged in deadly battle for the honour and welfare of Ireland and for the safety of the Empire. The murder conspiracy's aim is an Irish Republic which would be a standing menace to the peace of Europe. Its methods are assassination and every other possible form of outrage. It is at war, but refuses to recognise the laws of war. It proposed to make Ireland a base for a campaign of crime against Great Britain. Sir Hamar Greenwood's quotations from captured correspondence will convince most rational persons of this fact, though they failed to convince Mr. Devlin. In grappling with such a movement the Crown's forces are doing not only a national, but an Imperial, work, and are doing it in circumstances of extreme danger and difficulty. Some reprisals have been committed, and the public opinion of both countries has condemned them. Mr. Asquith and his supporters are fully entitled to condemn them, but they are not entitled to belittle the danger and the provocation. They are not entitled to ignore the fine restraint which the great majority of the police and soldiers have shown when their comrades and officers have been murdered in cold blood. These politicians, with their anxiety to bait the Government, are approaching the question from the wrong end. We hope sincerely that the Irish Government's discouragement of reprisals will be successful; but would the disappearance of reprisals alone stop the campaign of murder? Of course, it would be as ineffective as the offer of Dominion Home Rule, which is Mr. Asquith's meaning for "pacification." On the other hand, if murder stops, no vestige or pretence of excuse for reprisals will remain. That was Sir Hamar Greenwood's point, and he hammered it home to the conviction of the House of Commons, which rejected the latter part of Mr. Asquith's resolution. At this moment the Lords' debates on the Partition Bill are merely academic. For the time being, the suppression of murder and the restoration of law are the beginning and end of the Irish problem.

The Chief Secretary believes that the "terror is being broken," and he backed his confidence with substantial proofs. He warned the Commons, however, that it would not be smashed completely without further shame for Ireland and further assassinations of gallant men, such as those whose bodies will be borne in honour to-morrow through the streets of London. Will the Irish people continue to prolong the conflict by that mood of apathy which the world watches with growing sorrow and anger? For at least three reasons further apathy will be fatal. It will increase the murder movement's toll of blood, for the Government's efforts, unsupported by the people's efforts, will continue to be hampered at every turn. It will increase Ireland's burden of dishonour and material loss, for every new murder is a new blot on her fame and trade and industry must languish until the rule of law has been restored. Finally, this appalling apathy will cost us the friendship and good-will of the English people and the British Empire. To-day the House of Commons is wholly out of sympathy with Ireland, and arguments based on political conciliation and settlement make no appeal to it. Its sympathies are entirely with the widows and orphans of its loyal servants, murdered foully by Irish hands, and it is beginning to feel that a country which can make itself the slave of an unholy terror is not fit for any form of self-government. Sir Hamar Greenwood urged Irishmen of all classes and parties to range themselves with the Government against the campaign of murder. He begged the Roman Catholic Church to denounce crime with the same individual and official energy with which it denounced conscription. Ireland's answer to that appeal will be vital to her own peace and to her place in the world's esteem. She will have neither peace nor honour till she realises that her own public opinion must be their chief creator and custodian.

The Next Budget.

Next year's Budget presents problems which already are exercising the minds of business men throughout the Kingdom. There is a growing feeling of resentment at official extravagance. Some financial experts have declared that, for next year, the maximum for national expenditure should be fixed at £1,000,000,000. According to those men—and Mr. Reginald McKenna agrees with them—the sum which they mention represents the highest effective capacity of the country for being taxed. Should the Chancellor of the Exchequer exceed it in his estimates, he will stereotype the present uneconomic condition of affairs. Undue taxation is tantamount to a forced loan, and forced loans mean bad business. Some of the experts who advocate the £1,000,000,000 limit suggest that the House of Commons should pass a resolution in its favour. Clearly, Parliament could not take such a step without the sanction of the Government, which, very naturally, would regard it as a vote of no confidence. The only way by which the business community can hope to secure a reasonable Budget is by the exertion of moral pressure and the creation of a solid mass of public opinion which shall demand it. In the meanwhile, a great deal of interest is centred in the future of the excess profits duty, which, *consensu omnium*, is a tiresome and paralysing impost. Last year the Chancellor of the Exchequer invited the President of the Association of Chambers of Commerce to propose a substitute for this duty before the introduction of the next Budget. Now, it seems, a special Committee has been set up by the Association to investigate the whole subject. It is believed that the Committee may suggest an extension of the corporation tax with important safeguards; but, whatever happens, the days of the excess profits duty seem to be numbered, and few will be found to mourn its loss. The estimated yield for the current year was £220,000,000; but, although for the first six months the sum produced was almost exactly 50 *per cent.* of the estimate, receipts at present are rather slow, and a possible deficit is being discussed. From all the speculation and controversy about next year's Budget one clear fact emerges. It will not be a "normal" Budget. Last June Mr. Chamberlain sketched in outline the revenue and expenditure of a "normal" year. Without the aid of the excess profits duty, he reckoned on an income of £1,029,000,000, and an expenditure of £880,900,000. Unfortunately, many things have happened in the last five months to push the Chancellor's "normal" year forward into the misty future. If the business community can persuade, or compel, the Government to abandon some of its grandiose schemes between now and next March, expenditure may be reduced. The increase of revenue, however, without new taxation is a very different matter, and the present slump in trade does not encourage the hope that the taxpayer is within sight of relief.

A Key Industry.

The Government has adopted a curious attitude towards the dyestuffs industry. The scientific birth of the industry was in Britain, but at an early stage in its career we allowed Germany to wrest the feeble infant from us. Under the State's fostering care it developed into a giant monopoly, and it was Germany's most powerful weapon, first in her struggle for trade supremacy and then in her mad bid for world-power. During the war the Government, with feverish haste, organised the manufacture of synthetic dyestuffs in England. It subscribed nearly two million pounds towards the project, and patriotic citizens were induced to contribute many more millions. The industry has been established, but it is not in a condition to withstand fierce competition from Germany, where the manufacturers have the results of half a century's experiments to aid them. Until it gains strength the British industry must be safeguarded. Germany is recovering her grip upon the British markets. The quantity of German dyes coming into the country, it is true, is not yet very great, but the danger lies in the fact that what is coming in is being used on patterns which textile manufacturers are sending to all parts of the world. Customers will demand the same colours when placing their orders. The manufacturers and users of dyes have united to compel the Government to honour its promise of protection by prohibiting the import of German dyes except on licence.

The Sale of Livings.

The Bishop of Southwark will have the sympathy of every reasonable man in his protest against the sale of advowsons. Recently a parish in his diocese was advertised for sale, and he wrote to the vendor saying that he would refuse to institute, if the purchaser should present himself or a relation, unless satisfactory evidence were forthcoming that he was fully qualified to minister to the needs of a large and difficult parish. The members of the Diocesan Conference approved the Bishop's action, and promised that they would support him in any step that he thought necessary to eradicate "this scandal to the Church of God." The practice about which the Bishop complains is a strange relic of Tudor times, and ought to be abolished. No private individual should have the right of patronage or the power to sell a living. The Church should have taken action in the matter long ago. Not so many years have passed since parents bought livings for their younger sons just as they bought commissions in the Army. The Government, of course, has purged the Army of this practice, and public opinion would not tolerate it for a moment. Yet it still lingers in the Church of England. Comprehensive schemes of Church reform have been mooted, and it is to be hoped that they will include the removal of the anomaly to which the Bishop of Southwark has drawn attention.

DEPARTURE OF LORD FRENCH.

His Excellency Lord French left Kingstown by the mail boat yesterday morning *en route* for London.

UNIVERSITY OF DUBLIN.

New Professor of Music.

Dr. C. H. Kitson has been elected Professor of Music in the University of Dublin, in the place of Dr. Buck, resigned.

THE LATE MAJOR VISCOUNT CRICHTON, M.V.O., D.S.O., ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

After prolonged search, the grave of the late Viscount Crichton was identified, beyond all doubts, in the German extension of the Communal Cemetery at Wervicq Nord in Belgium. On November 17th the remains were removed by the military authorities, and reburied in the new British military cemetery at Zandvoorde, half-way between Wervicq Nord and Ypres, in the presence of Colonel Hon. George and Lady Mary Crichton and Hon. Arthur Crichton, the Service being conducted by the British military chaplain.

AMERICAN LINER'S CALL TO QUEENSTOWN.

The American line steamer Haverford arrived at Queenstown at 7.35 p.m. yesterday, embarked passengers and despatches, and left for Philadelphia at 9.30 p.m.

OBITUARY.

SIR ROBERT GARDNER.

The death of Sir Robert Gardner, of Messrs. Craig, Gardner and Co., chartered accountants, Dublin, took place yesterday. Sir Robert Gardner was an extremely able man in his profession, and was auditor of many important companies, including the National Bank. He was the son of the late Mr. John Gardner, Ballymoney, Co. Antrim, and was a Justice of the Peace for Co. Dublin. He was knighted in 1905. As Chairman of the Pembroke Commission he rendered very valuable services in placing the affairs of the Council on a sound business basis. He was an excellent administrator, and was very popular with the members of the Council.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

The victims of last Sunday's outrage in Dublin are to receive every honour when their bodies arrive here on Friday. The Leader of the House, in replying to Sir J. Butcher this afternoon, said that the arrangements were not yet complete, since they necessarily depended upon the wishes of the relatives, but full provision will be made for the presence of members of both Houses of Parliament who may wish to be present. Judging by the low murmur of satisfaction, the number will be considerable.

The debate on the Irish situation in the House of Commons to-night was particularly ineffective from the point of view of the Opposition. Not succeeding in putting off the debate, as they desired, on the ostensible ground of the undesirability of discussing the matter until a cooler atmosphere prevailed, the Liberals and the Labour Party combined in putting on the paper a resolution which, whilst condemning in express terms the brutal assassination of military officers and other British subjects by the Irish Republicans, sought equally to condemn the action of the Executive in attempting to suppress crime "by methods of terrorism and reprisals which involve the lives and property of the innocent."

The motion was moved by Mr. Asquith, whose first words were an allusion to the murder of British officers in Dublin last Sunday. These murders were, he said, callous and bloodthirsty, and could only have been committed by men lost to all sense of humanity and honour. Having expressed his abhorrence of these outrages, the right hon. gentleman proceeded to formulate his charge against the Government. The very gravity of the situation in Ireland, he declared, demanded that the Executive should encounter it with clean hands. He ventured to think that the position had been greatly aggravated by the mistaken policy of reprisals, which he tacitly accused the Government of countenancing. If, he said, the Governments disapproved of reprisals, why did they not prevent them; and, if they could not prevent them, why did they not punish the offenders? The Chief Secretary, he urged, could not disclaim responsibility for what had been done. This misguided policy of the Government was driving moderate opinion in Ireland into supineness in regard to crime.

Speaking in passionate tones, and lending emphasis to particular points by gesture, Sir H. Greenwood said that the leader of the Opposition had spoken under the shadow of a great conspiracy to smash the British Empire. Had the right hon. gentleman any solution to offer to defeat this conspiracy? No. There was no solution, except to punish the guilty. A point which raised a volume of cheers from the Coalition benches and brought disarray to the "Wee Frees" and their friends was the remark made by the London Liberal Federation, of which Mr. Asquith was President, on the "bulletin" issued by the Irish Republicans, and the endeavour to base on it a chart of reprisals. These monstrous falsehoods about reprisals, continued the Chief Secretary, were used as propagandists who had representatives in the Lobby of the House of Commons, and some of whom might even be listening to the debate from the galleries above.

The allegation about the reprisals came from a tainted source. It was worthy to note that before this question of reprisals was raised one hundred policemen and twenty-six soldiers had been murdered and one hundred and forty-six policemen and sixty-four soldiers wounded, though that had never been regarded as of sufficient importance to be raised by gentlemen opposite. There was, Sir Hamar said amid cheers, not a single authenticated case of reprisals under an officer. The murder gang in Ireland was being supported by foreign money, and it was estimated that the amount paid was equivalent to £100 a skull for the murder of policemen. He was glad to say that the men engaged in the murder business were getting sick of it, and he appealed to the Roman Catholic Church in Ireland to denounce these crimes as zealously as it had denounced conscription. There was really, he concluded, but one issue left, and that was: Who was for Ireland and the Empire and who was for the assassins?

Mr. Devlin made a very long and what, for him, might be considered a very moderate speech. What it came to was that he blamed Sir E. Carson for all the evil that had befallen Ireland by starting a policy of revolution in hostility to the appeal of constitutionalism.

Much of the interest in the debate evaporated when Mr. Devlin sat down, but after dinner Colonel John Ward roused a good deal of enthusiasm by his energetic defence of the British soldier, who, he declared, was incapable of the atrocities imputed to him.

Colonel Ward concluded by moving to amend the resolution by omitting the whole of it except the passage condemnatory of murder, as, in his view, it was designed for purely political purposes. Colonel Ward's amendment to the motion was carried by 303 to 85, and the resolution, as amended, was put and agreed to without a division amid loud cheers.

The debate on the second reading of the Home Rule Bill was resumed this evening in an atmosphere of sustained interest. The Lord Chancellor presided over a full House. The steps of the Throne were crowded by Privy Councillors and other privileged persons, and Peeresses were present in considerable numbers.

When Viscount Grey resumed the debate his speech, as might have been expected, was a masterly explanation and defence of his position. Reviewing the controversy of the last forty years, which had strained the Constitution, he declared that the present condition of Ireland was a matter of a tragic reflection on those who had been in contemporary political life, no matter to what party they belonged.

Facing the problem to-day meant facing a great danger, in the presence of which they must sink their party feelings as they did during the great war. They must ask themselves where in the long past had they gone wrong, and what had been their mistakes, and so endeavour to profit by this political searching of hearts. The great mistake of past efforts had been that they had not recognised the feelings of Ulster, and that, until the differences in Ireland itself had been composed, there could be no settlement. Their methods had been all wrong.

The Government and a considerable number of the Peers hope that the division on the second reading of the Government of Ireland Bill in the House of Lords may be taken before dinner—or, say, about 8 o'clock—to-morrow evening. The Earl of Midleton, however, speaking early in the sitting, intends to move that the debate be adjourned and the division postponed in order to give the Government time to consider the amendments which he and his friends wish to see inserted in the Bill, and which his lordship will explain in his speech. The chief of these amendments would provide for a single Second Chamber to review the legislation of both the Northern and the Southern Parliaments and for conferring on the country fiscal autonomy. Apparently Lord Midleton and his friends have some hope that the motion for adjournment may be carried.

A WEEK'S ARRESTS IN DUBLIN.

The number of arrests effected in Dublin from the 17th to the 23rd inst. was 129. Regarding the statement that a boy had been bayoneted in Croke Park on Sunday it is further officially announced

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THE MURDERED OFFICERS.

TO-DAY'S PROCESSION IN DUBLIN.

GOVERNMENT'S REQUEST TO SHOPKEEPERS.

The bodies of nine of the officers who were murdered in Dublin on the morning of Sunday, the 20th instant, will be transferred to England for burial to-day by destroyer.

The Government request that as a mark of respect to these gallant officers, all shops and all places of business in the City of Dublin shall be closed between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

The following are the names of the nine officers whose bodies will be trans-shipped to England for burial:—

Major G. M. C. Dowling, London; Captain G. T. Baggallay, Wimbledon; Captain W. F. Newbury, London; Captain L. Price, Isle of Wight; Lieutenant Bennett, London; Lieutenant A. Ames, London; Lieutenant H. Mahon, Battersea, London; Cadet Morris, R.I.C., Croydon; Cadet Garvie, R.I.C., Hull.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

The gun carriages and teams carrying the remains, regimental bearer parties, band, and firing party, under the command of an officer, will form the *cortège*, which will start from King George V. Hospital at 10.15 a.m., proceeding *viâ* Infirmary road, by the quays and O'Connell Bridge, to the North Wall. Detachments of all units in Dublin will line both sides of the street from Infirmary road to the hospital. They will rest on arms reversed until the *cortège* has passed, and will then fall in and follow behind. There will be a band at the head of the column, and one in the centre. These bands will play suitable music throughout the march to North Wall. On arrival at the quayside the firing party will form a line at the gangway and rest on arms reversed. The gun carriages will halt opposite the gangway, and as the remains are carried on to the destroyer the firing party and all the other military detachments will present arms, and the "Last Post" will be sounded.

Over a thousand troops will be in attendance, and it is expected that there will be also detachments from the Royal Irish Constabulary and Dublin Metropolitan Police. Two additional bands will follow the *cortège*, and during the period in which the column is marching at quick time they will play suitable hymn tunes. The Royal Air Force will, weather permitting, pay its last respects by detailing aeroplanes to fly over the procession. An officer and twenty-five soldiers will accompany the remains to Holyhead, and as they convey them to the train the "Last Post" will be again sounded.

On arrival in England the bodies of three of the officers, who were Roman Catholics, will be conveyed to Westminster Cathedral, where, on Friday morning, Mass will be sung by Bishop Keating, principal Roman Catholic Chaplain to the Forces. Cardinal Bourne will assist at the Mass.

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND THE FUNERAL.

Sir John Butcher yesterday asked the Leader of the House whether facilities would be given whereby members of Parliament could be enabled to take part collectively in the funeral of the officers murdered in Dublin on Sunday last, and to show their profound sympathy for these officers and their bereaved relatives.

Mr. Bonar Law—The War Office is in communication with the relatives of the murdered officers as to the arrangements for the funeral, which the Government propose to attend. It is probable that it will take place on Friday morning, and facilities will be given to members of both Houses who desire to be present to enable them to attend.

MR. DE VALERA AND THE DUBLIN MURDERS.

The Times New York Correspondent telegraphed on Tuesday:—Mr. de Valera, the so-called President of the Irish Republic, expressly approves to-day of the wholesale murder of British officers, and, at the same time, asks the American public to demonstrate its horror at the "massacre" of Irish civilians by English soldiers. He sees no irony in this. Followers of the Irish people have learned again the old lesson that, so long as the patient will suffer, the cruel will kick; and, having no other enemy to relieve their natural individualistic feelings, those forces who are responsible for the outrages, and are, as enemy spies among them, rightly deserving of any human treatment, have found in the Irish people an alien Government with the knowledge and strength to persecute and inflict endless misery upon a whole nation.

THE LATE CAPT. FITZGERALD.

MILITARY FUNERAL IN DUBLIN.

The funeral took place from King George V. Hospital to Glasnevin Cemetery yesterday of Captain Fitzgerald, one of the victims of Sunday's "murders" in Dublin. Captain Fitzgerald, a last young officer who had a distinguished army career, and had a remarkable escape from death while acting as barrack defence officer with the Royal Irish Constabulary in County Clare, was murdered at his lodgings in Earlsfort terrace where he had been staying while receiving hospital treatment.

The funeral procession from the hospital grounds shortly after noon and passed between lines of Royal Irish Constabulary and Auxiliary Police drawn up along the western avenue. It was headed by the band of the Constabulary, with muffled drums. The coffin, which was borne on a gun carriage, was enshrouded in the Union Jack, and the pall bearers were members of the Auxiliary Police, carrying numerous wreaths. A firing party supplied by the Royal Irish Constabulary followed with rifles reversed, and then came further detachments of both forces, while relatives and immediate friends drove in closed carriages.

The chief mourners were:—Dr. Fitzgerald, Cappawhite, Co. Tipperary (father); the Misses Rita and Eileen Fitzgerald (sisters); Messrs. E. and J. Fitzgerald (brothers); Miss Quinlan (aunt); Mrs. Hayes (grandmother); Mrs. Sinn and Mr. R. Sinn (cousins); and Mrs. Allingham, Mrs. Sillery, Miss Finch, and Mrs. Dodd (friends). The officiating clergymen were Rev. Father Lawless, S.M. (Lower Leeson street) and Rev. Father Maloney, C.S.Sp. (Blackrock College).

As the *cortège* passed slowly along the North Circular road and through Phibsborough to the Cemetery it made an impressive sight, and the remains were at all points reverently saluted. After the last prayers were recited at the graveside, "The Last Post" was sounded and a volley fired.

CONNAUGHT RANGERS' MUTINY IN INDIA.

RESULT OF COURTMARTIAL.

In an Army Order issued yesterday, says a Reuter's Delhi telegram, the Commander-in-Chief records with regret the serious cases of indiscipline which occurred among the Connaught Rangers last summer, as a result of which 69 non-commissioned officers and men were tried for mutiny, 61 being found guilty. Of the 14 sentenced to death, 12 have been commuted to penal servitude or imprisonment, one private was shot, the death sentence in 13 cases being commuted to terms of penal servitude or lesser penalties. Forty-seven were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, and others were discharged from the Army with ignominy.

ARMED ROBBERS IN CORK

£1,000 CARRIED AWAY.

One Cork Correspondent telegraphed last night:—A daring raid was made this morning on the Military Pensions Office, South terrace, Cork, when considerably over £1,000 was stolen. The robbers, who numbered about twelve, arrived in two motor cars. All of them were armed with revolvers, and not one was disguised in any way. They wore civilian clothes, and had light overcoats.

While four of the men entered the Pensions Office, others posted themselves at both the back and front entrances. One or two were left with the motor cars. People who were passing were held up," and were not allowed to move until the men who had entered the office reappeared.

When the raiders entered the office some of them went upstairs and threatened the clerks with revolvers, and another "held up" the clerks who were paying out money, and also the pensioners who were in the building. The appearance of the robbers created a panic. Another of the party then seized the different cash boxes, and removed them to one of the motor cars, and the whole party withdrew and drove off quickly. The occurrence occupied about fifteen minutes. No arrests have been made.

CORK BOMB EXPLOSION.

A THIRD DEATH.

There was a third death yesterday morning arising out of Tuesday night's bomb explosion in Patrick street, Cork. This brings the death roll to three. The injured persons, who, so far as can be ascertained, number about 15, are all progressing as favourably as the circumstances can warrant. The names of the three men who are dead are:—Patrick O'Donoghue, Edward Mehigan, and Patrick Tuskey. They are all young men, aged from about 28 to 35. Patrick O'Donoghue and Edward Mehigan were unconscious when brought to the Mercy Hospital, and they never regained consciousness. Patrick Tuskey, aged 28, residing at 7 Friar's Walk, was in a very critical condition when taken to the South Infirmary. He succumbed to his injuries yesterday morning.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

The Times, in a leading article to-day, says:—The speech of Viscount Grey on Ireland in the House of Lords yesterday fulfilled expectations. It was in every sense a great speech. Many "efforts" of Parliamentary orators dazzle by their brilliance, uplift by their eloquence, or move by their pathos, but pass without leaving the least trace. Viscount Grey's was no effort. It was simple, lucid, natural, and honest—above all honest—and, therefore, convincing. It was not the speech of an Opposition leader who seeks merely to oppose. It was the utterance of an experienced public man, conscious of mistakes he and others have made in the past, and, therefore, charitable towards the mistakes of the Government. It was obviously meant to help, not to hinder; to construct, not to destroy; to put forward long views drawn from history and experience, and to project them over an obscure future, in which no path is demonstrably certain to lead to the desired goal. To the Government, not less than to the country, and to the repute of English statesmanship, *adds The Times*, it rendered a notable service, for it offered the Government an opportunity—a great opportunity that may not readily occur if it be missed—of gaining in a difficult and perilous hour the support of well-balanced opinion throughout the land. We, for our part, earnestly trust that the opportunity will not be missed. We care nothing for Ministers or leaders of the Opposition as such, but we care everything for the interests, the security, and the good name of the nation. In the Irish question all these are at stake. For eighteen months we have insisted upon this truth. If, in regard to the present debate in the Lords, we have hitherto refrained from judging definitely the main points of difference between the Government and their chief critics, it is because we have desired rather to promote a settlement on the basis of amendments to the official measure than to secure its rejection. While sympathising strongly with Lord Dunraven's object, we have recognised that, even should he succeed in carrying his motion against the Government, his success would not necessarily imply the triumph of a coherent policy. We waited also to learn from the speeches of the dissenting peers how far their attitude was influenced by a clear view of the gravity and urgency of the situation. Lord Midleton has not yet spoken. Some of his supporters have, however, clearly indicated that they labour either under the illusion that the total exclusion of Ulster from a settlement would be partition, or imagine that a proposal to set up a single Irish Parliament is practicable at the present time. The latest developments in the position of the Ulster leaders also persuade us that very substantial arguments are needed to prove that the Government Bill should be summarily rejected. As for Lord Willoughby de Broke, and those who think with him, their position is one from which we are separated by four years of war, and by long strides in democratic development. With the exception of general criticisms directed against the Financial defects of the bill, many of the points brought forward by speakers in the Lords might have been dealt with more effectively in the Committee stage. We hold, therefore, that no merely tactical consideration should be allowed to affect the votes of the peers who will this evening register their approval or disapproval of the Government's policy. Even as it stands, with all the faults which precipitate hope that in its present form it can become a means to an Irish settlement, we are inclined to think that the Bill would be better than none. But in this as we are convinced that tactical considerations ought not to weigh with the Opposition peers, as we are firmly persuaded that the Government will lose an opportunity that may never recur should they merely seek a shallow triumph in attempting to pass the bill unamended.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The Prime Minister of France, accompanied by M. Berthelot, the permanent head of the French Foreign Office, leaves Paris for London to-day, observes *The Times* editorially. The object of the visit of M. Leygues in the middle of a busy session is not secret. It comes, in the first place, to discuss with Mr. Lloyd George the wholly new situation in the Near East, which Greece has created by her repudiation of M. Venizelos, and by her decision to recall the ex-King Constantine. In a brief, but important, speech to the Chamber at the close of Tuesday's sitting he has defined his views and expressed his intentions on this change. They will commend themselves, we believe, to most Englishmen. M. Leygues disclaims any intention to interfere in the internal affairs of Greece. Those are her province, but if on the morrow of the war she chooses to recall a Sovereign who showed himself in the struggle to be the accomplice of our enemies, as Constantine showed himself to be a whole series of treacheries, she should be warned that she will not meet with the same sentiments among the Allies as she met with before this choice. Nor will she receive the same assistance from them. Cordial and close friendship with France, whatever superficial reticence may at times, from time to time, has become since the war an article of the national faith, *The Times* further remarks. With the common good sense upon both sides it should be strong enough to make comparatively easy the solution not only of the Greek problem in its many ramifications, but also the solution of all the questions left by the war. The true policy of England and of France in its cardinal principle is admirably expounded in the speech which Lord Derby made at the meeting of the British League of Help for the Devastated Areas of France, held at the Guildhall yesterday. Lord Burnham, who presided, was paying no empty compliment when he said that while relatives Ambassador in Paris had faithfully interpreted the heart and mind of this people to their French neighbours. For two years and a half, during which many acute differences of opinion arose between the statesmen of the two countries, and even between the opinions of the two nations, upon their respective attitudes towards particular problems of international settlement, Lord Derby never relaxed his grip upon the one bottom truth of the whole situation. "The friendship and the thorough understanding of France and England," he said yesterday, "is the only basis on which we can build up the peace of the world." He went further; he did not hesitate to tell his audience in every made an impression upon them by what he could not have told them with propriety, that he believes not alone in friendship and thorough understanding, but in alliance.

TCHITCHERIN, THE ELUSIVE.

Mrs. Sheridan, in her diary of her recent visit to Russia (where she went to make busts of the Bolshevist leaders), of which a further instalment is published in *The Times* to-day, describes a meeting with Tchitcherin. Under date of October 26th she writes:—Later, at 9 p.m., returned with Litvinoff to Tchitcherin's office to begin work. While Litvinoff went inside I waited in the secretary's room, and while I was waiting a man hurried through the office. He was a little man in brown trousers and a coat which did not match. With small steps he shuffled hurriedly along. My small steps he shuffled hurriedly along. It might have been a night watchman; it was Tchitcherin. Still I waited, and the length of my wait began to annoy me, and then I began to feel something was wrong. Presently Litvinoff called for me, but I got no further than the doorway. There Tchitcherin confronted me, and in hurried and confused tones said—"To-night is impossible; quite, quite impossible"—and disappeared. He had not even allowed me to cross his threshold. Litvinoff and I looked at each other and walked out. We went upstairs to Litvinoff's office. He was obviously upset, and as a perfect lost to explain or excuse. I sat and waited and talked until the car arrived to take me home, and from what Litvinoff said, and from what I had seen in that flash, I learned something of the personality of Tchitcherin. He is an abnormal man, living month after month in that Foreign Office, with closed windows, and never going out. He insists on having a bedroom in the Foreign Office, as he says he has not time to go home to sleep. He works all night, and if a telegram comes while he is asleep in the day, he has to be awakened. His nights are days, and his days are not entirely nights. He has no idea of time, and does not realise that other people live differently. He will ring up a comrade on the telephone at three or four in the morning for the most trivial information. He does all his work, and will not ring for a secretary or a messenger, but runs himself with papers to other departments. He lives on his nerves, and the slightest thing throws him off his pivot. He had been told he was an angel and a saint. What I found was a fluttering and agitated bird.

GERMAN EXPULSIONS IN EAST AFRICA.

We understand, says *The Times* to-day, that all arrangements have been made by the Administration of the Tanganyika territory, under the Governor, Sir Horace Byatt, for selling the German-owned estates. They will be advertised in the English newspapers three months before the dates of the sales. Practically all the Germans in which the column is marching at quick time they will play suitable hymn tunes. The Royal Air Force will, weather permitting, pay its last respects by detailing aeroplanes to fly over the procession. An officer and twenty-five soldiers will accompany the remains to Holyhead, and as they convey them to the train the "Last Post" will be again sounded.

On arrival in England the bodies of three of the officers, who were Roman Catholics, will be conveyed to Westminster Cathedral, where, on Friday morning, Mass will be sung by Bishop Keating, principal Roman Catholic Chaplain to the Forces. Cardinal Bourne will assist at the Mass.

SINN FEIN PLOT IN ENGLAND

DESTRUCTION OF POWER HOUSES AND DOCKS.

DARING SCHEMES REVEALED.

A VISIT TO DUBLIN PIGEON HOUSE.

The Irish Office last night issued copies of the captured Sinn Fein documents referred to by the Chief Secretary in the House of Commons yesterday, relative to attempts designed to be made on Stuart street power house, Manchester, and the dock gates, Liverpool.

The first document refers to the plot against the power house, Manchester, says:—The best day for an operation would be Sunday, say 9 a.m., as there is the minimum number of men working in the station. This place is undoubtedly of great importance, not only in connection with the tramways, but also with coal mines in the vicinity. The document continues:—

"The plan of operation would be somewhat as follows:—At the appointed time six men enter the time office, of whom three should immediately go to the telephone and hold up the system, while the other three should remain in the office and hold up any person who may happen to be there. A second party of six should enter the gate marked "A." Three of these six should remain at the gate to admit a motor car carrying tools, and the other three should go on to the shelling shop and take up position at the gate of same. This shop is to be used as a place to hold any persons who were rounded up inside the works. The third party of six should be divided as follows:—Two to take up positions at door of general office to keep persons from coming out, two at outside of gate marked "B" for the same purpose, and two at the end of the line marked "L." The demolition party should then enter the main gate, thirty men to the engine room, three for each turbine—two armed with sledges and one with oil and waste. The first two should destroy the casing, while the third should, by means of the oil, set fire to the casing. Ten others should destroy the casing of the balancers, and also destroy by fire. Four men armed with seven shannons can easily destroy the switchboard. Three others with hatchets and oil will attack the marine engine. The total number of men required, as outlined above, is 65. You will find attached a report by G. H., which explains the location of very important pumping stations at Clayton Vale.

"I consider that the best method of attacking this is to destroy the crank, for which purpose 30lbs. of G. C. will be adequate. Six men will be required for this operation.

THE STUART STREET STATION.

The next document comprises a report on a visit to Stuart street Station. The writer says:—"I arrived at Stuart street at about ten minutes to twelve. Walked to the entrance, where I met, two women, who thought me in through the time office, where we were introduced to our guides.

"In a technical description of the plant, the writer observes:—The marine engine is a very difficult job, unless we are supplied with gun cotton. As regards Clayton Vale, which was also visited, the writer reports:—Without this station Manchester would be short, as the furnaces are worked by electric blast. There would be no coal without the mines, which are supplied from this station, nor would there be any drainage done for want of pumps. I have worked out a plan for the taking and the destruction of the place, which, I hope, will reach you safely. Personally, I have no doubt but that it will be a success."

DETAILS OF ATTACK.

The writer then details his plan as follows:—An officer would be detailed to take charge of thirty men, who would be used as a guard to prevent anyone leaving or signalling from the building or engineroom. Two men, with sledges, each to strike a blow, would be told off to their way to the balancers in front of the switchboard. Each man will have a sledge. Some one will be detailed to bring in oil and waste. This will be prepared beforehand in petrol tins, so that it will not be difficult for the men to carry. Four men will make for the switchboard with the four remaining men. Two or three men will go to the marine type engine; two can attack it with hatchets, drench it with paraffin oil, and prepare it for lighting. Another man is placing his charge of gun cotton.

PROPOSED VISIT TO DUBLIN PIGEON HOUSE.

Inquiries will have to be stopped, and I suggest that when you intend carrying out your scheme that you give me permission to bring the four or six Dublin men to the Pigeon House to train them. I had an idea to smash up the feed pumps in the boiler-house, but, owing to the danger of boilers bursting, I do not think we can do anything there. Another objective of the men working there. This will take about twelve men.

THE LIVERPOOL DOCKS.

The document regarding the power stations and outer docks at Liverpool states:—It will, of course, be quite impossible to make a clean sweep of the whole line of docks. If men and material are available I would suggest the work can be done, but the amount to be done must be regulated by these conditions. A scheme submitted for dealing with twenty-one docks involves the use of 800 pounds of gelignite, 25 engineers, 75 rank and file, and about 20 others, and 98 revolvers. The scheme is carried out as follows:—(1) Dislocation of telephone communication; (2) holding up all Dock Board police; (3) opening of the inner gates by means of the pumps; (4) demolition of the three pumps—four in number, and (5) demolition of swing gates. It is necessary to open the inner gates before blowing up the outer. There are four power stations containing four pumps for the opening of the gates. These pumps could be destroyed by the use of 200 lbs. of gelignite, four engineers, 20 rank and file, and four volvers. For the whole job as outlined I estimate the total number of men required is 23 officers, 27 engineers, and 75 rank and file. It would, I think, be advisable for officers, many of them, to reside in the locality for at least one week before the operation to complete arrangements as outlined. I consider that it would take three weeks from date.

DISABLEMENT OF SHIPPING.

The blowing up of a dock gate, the document added, would not result in a rush of water sufficient to cause large ships into the water, but the most that could be expected would be that a boat would lie down and be seriously damaged. As an alternative scheme it was suggested the opening up of the gates by hydraulic pumps, which should then be destroyed. This would obviate the blowing out of the gates. In dealing with the power stations with explosives the hydraulic cylinders would be attacked, but if material was not available heavy hammers would be used on all small parts. The object would be to make it impossible to open or close the gates not destroyed for a couple of tides.

Sketches attached to the document illustrated how explosive charges were to be applied to gates, and electrically detonated.

Diversions are suggested in numerous fires in warehouses before operations.

GENERAL GOUGH AND THE DUBLIN MURDERS.

General Sir Hubert Gough occupied the chair at the National Liberal Club luncheon yesterday when Mr. Hugh Martin delivered an address on "What I Saw in Ireland."

General Sir Hubert Gough, in his introductory remarks, alluded to the murder of the twelve British officers, and remarked that no words of his or anyone else could express too strongly their abhorrence and disapproval of such action. To come to a right solution and to make a right judgment they wanted to know all the facts, and to know both sides. The question was what had driven the Irish to these awful murders. He thought it quite fair to say that the Government policy had done so. Since 1917 there had been a policy of repression gradually increasing in force and violence, and events which had taken place in the last week he thought proved that the policy of the Government had driven the Irish to these methods. The events proved, if they proved nothing else, the failure and folly of the Government policy.

ARRESTS IN DUBLIN LAST NIGHT.

TWO MEN REPORTED SHOT.

Crown Forces were very watchful during the night in Dublin, and their vigilance was not relaxed in the "Curfew" hours of this morning. As early as eight o'clock last night they made investigations in Dame street, North Great George's street, and other areas in the centre of the city. While they were in Dame street tramcars going south via College Green and George's street were obliged to stop. The Summerhill district and other localities inside and outside the city boundary were raided, but how many arrests took place during the night and morning is not at present known.

There was a good deal of anxiety in the neighbourhood of Parkgate street last night. Various rumours were spread, one of which was that the military had been fired at, and had returned the fire. Firing was heard as late as 12.45 this morning, and it was stated that two civilians had been shot dead. In the absence of an official statement it is not possible to confirm or deny the report.

A War Office *communiqué* regarding Mesopotamia states that on the Lower Euphrates there has been hostile activity between Nasiriyah and Samawah. Insurgents, who approached the line south of Khidr, were driven off with loss. A second band, who attempted to pass blockhouses further east, was also dispersed.

An Army Council instruction states that unmarried Reservists now serving in Section B. of the Army Reserve, who marry after being permitted to rejoin the Colours will not be eligible for marriage allowance until they are 26 years of age.

THE MURDER CAMPAIGN.

CHIEF SECRETARY'S REPLY TO MR. ASQUITH.

REMARKABLE PLOTS REVEALED.

CONSPIRACY TO SMASH THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

THE CROWN BREAKING THE TERROR.

A STRONG AND CONFIDENT SPEECH.

MR. ASQUITH'S MOTION METAMORPHOSED.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Asquith moved:—

"That this House condemns the outrages committed against the Forces of the Crown and civilians in Ireland, and expresses its deep abhorrence of the brutal assassinations of His Majesty's officers and other British subjects by Dublin on Sunday last, and calls upon the Government to take immediately such steps as may be necessary to bring about the pacification which is demanded in the interests of Ireland and the Empire."

He said that he thought it would have been more advantageous if the discussion could have been postponed for a few days, though he recognised that these matters required discussion, confronted as they were with as tragic a situation as had ever presented itself in the history of Ireland. He had never spoken without denouncing the crimes and outrages against Government officials, which, in the vast majority of cases, were without extenuation or excuse. Of the assassinations which took place on Sunday, it was difficult to speak with restraint. Callous, cold-blooded murders of gallant officers, incapable of defending themselves—they could only be the work of men who had lost all sense of humanity and honour. These officers died, in the fullest sense of the word, martyrs to public duty. It was a mistake to assert that these crimes were on the decrease, and the very gravity and number of them made it all the more necessary that the Executive should be able to encounter them with a clear front and a firm hand. The stamping out of terrorism and murder the means used were almost as important as the end. Two or three months ago reprisals were defended or apologised for, and in his official authority, on the ground that when officers of the Crown were hit they were entitled to hit back. But it was soon discovered that that hypothesis would cover more than a very small part of the ground. Evidence began to accumulate in increasing volume that the Crown Forces in various parts were engaged systematically in the destruction of creameries, factories, shops, houses, farms, and farm produce, without discrimination, and without any regard to the presumed innocence or guilt of the owners or occupiers, or even of the local community to whom they belonged. Since the debate on reprisals there had received a mass of body of independent and impartial testimony from men who, without any preposessions or prejudices, were competent to form a judgment—newspapers in France and America. It was evidence which in any other matter would be accepted as conclusive. These reprisals were not those of individuals, but a kind of out of hand and run amok. There was overwhelming evidence of organisation of lorries, going out on forays of revenge, loaded with men, ammunition, and bombs. That going to and fro was known to the police, and on whose authority? If the Executive disapproved, why did they not prevent reprisals? If they could not prevent them, why did they not punish the men who committed them? The real seriousness of the matter was the public alarm that was felt. The record of the police forces of the Crown to a degree which it was almost impossible to overestimate, to poison the atmosphere, and men of moderate opinion in Ireland, who hated crime and had no sympathy with extreme aspirations, were being driven daily into an attitude, if not of sympathy, of supine indifference, despondency, and despair. The longer this state of affairs between the Forces of anarchy and the Forces of the Crown went on, the more difficult would it be to restore peace and order. There was only one way of doing that. The first constitutive—lay with the Government not merely in vague phrases to express their disapproval, but to drop, once for all, this policy of reprisals, which he publicly openly condemned, but he still thought that there was a more excellent way. It was not a question of compounding with assassination like a creamery in Ireland now that was the rendezvous of the Irish Republican Army, or where the manager of a creamery was a member of that army, and that creamery was a centre of drill. (Cheers.) No promises in Ireland—that were the centre of Sinn Fein, or from which the Forces of the Crown were fired at, were safe to-day, and he thought that was a reasonable position for the Government to take up.

BALLYMACELLIGOTT.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, in reply to a question as to whether he could describe what took place at Ballymacelligott, where a number of police were fired at on the 12th November from a creamery. They attacked that creamery, and killed some men and wounded others. On the afternoon of the same day, along came the party of journalists and photographers, and they saw the dead and wounded men of men to the number of sixteen. When they came near the creamery, which was within the precincts of the police barracks, a volley of rifle shots rang out. There was an ambush. Then the police went to the creamery, and attacked the attackers, killing some and wounding others. They were fired on from the manager's house. The next morning there were found in the creamery a number of unused cartridges which had been fired at the police. The police were justified in burning a portion of that creamery. (Cheers.) It was a case of an ambush. More than that, he had looked up the record of the manager of that creamery. He was a rebel in 1916, and under the Premiership of Mr. Asquith was sent to jail.

A Member—Have you arrested him?

Sir H. Greenwood—Yes; of course we have—dozens and scores of others in the same neighbourhood. (Cheers.) At another house, the auxiliary division found a wounded Sinn Feiner, but being chivalrous they did not touch the man with a hair of his head, but took away his paper—(cries of "Oh," and cheers)—that they heard of reprisals. Having described the finding of the mangled body of the heroic Lieut. Hamilton, and its effect upon his men, who loved him, and who shed tears, the Chief Secretary said that there were many people who would say that the police would have been justified in burning the town of Nenagh. They did not, though he admitted that a creamery outrage—(cheers)—that inspired questions in the House of Commons, he would like every one condemned.

Mr. Devlin—When do they inspire? (Cheers and cries of "Order.")

Mr. Mills—You have your secret service. Give the names, and don't be offensive.

A GREAT CONSPIRACY.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, continuing, said that they were under the shadow of a great conspiracy, based on Ireland, to smash the British Empire, and at this moment they were under the gloom of a massacre of unarmed, largely non-combatant officers, which marked one of the most horrible tragedies in the history of their country or of the world. What was Mr. Asquith's solution for this conspiracy by assassins, and this daily murder of their brave men in Ireland? He had no solution. There could be no solution for dealing with assassins except to seize and punish the assassins. (Cheers, and cries of "and their wives and children.") Every member of the House knew that the consequential outrages which followed from the state of civil war in Ireland were outrages for which this Government, or any Government, was not responsible. (Cheers.) The responsibility was on the shoulders of those who by a method of murder attempted to set up an independent Ireland. (Cheers.) Mr. Asquith had spoken about tainted sources.

TAINTED SOURCES.

There were tainted sources, and he would give one of them. The murder gang in Ireland issued a document known as the *Irish Republican Bulletin*. That murder gang sent out that *Bulletin* to persons and newspapers in Ireland, and some of them published it. (Shame.) What amazed him was that the London Liberal Federation had actually used the *Bulletin* to base on it a charge of reprisals so-called, and had circulated it among the Liberals of London without any comment, except to "display this prominently," (Cries of "Shame.") Mr. Asquith was President of the Federation. (Loud cheers.) The murder-gang's publication should not be the foundation for any literature circulated amongst any members of that House. (Cheers.)

"HIDEOUS AND MONSTROUS FALSEHOODS."

He would deal with some of the cases of these hideous and monstrous falsehoods as to reprisals, issued by the murder-gang. He had seen their representatives in the Lobby of that House, and for all he knew one of them might be in the Public Gallery listening to that debate. He considered it a loathsome alliance—(loud cheers)—that the men whose hands were red with the blood of gallant soldiers and policemen should come into the Lobby of that House, and be allowed to circulate their hideous documents and falsehoods. (Cries of "Let us have their names.")

Mr. Aneurin Williams asked the Speaker if the Chief Secretary was entitled to allege the presence in the Lobby of agents of the murder-gang, when such persons must be there by the Speaker's authority. (Laughter.)

The Speaker—The hon. member is quite mistaken. The Lobby and Gallery are open to the public.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that Mr. Asquith had referred to Mr. Russell as an authority on the state of Ireland. In Ireland he was looked upon as an extreme Sinn Feiner.

Mr. Asquith—He's not.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he was giving them the Irish Government view of Mr. Russell. Certain American correspondents, who had enjoyed the hospitality of the murder-gang in Ireland, had sent their newspaper matter to America to hurt Anglo-Saxon friendship, which happily existed, and of the best between the English and the English Empire. (Hear, hear.) But the last election in America was a decisive response to that. In some newspapers in England also there was considerable comment against the Government, on the ground of reprisals, and until quite recently little comment appeared about the horrors of murders which preceded those reprisals. Those who raised discussions in the House of Commons appeared to forget all the policemen and soldiers who had been killed and wounded. (Hear, hear.)

THE CREAMERIES.

Let them take the question of reprisals on creameries. The total number of creameries in Ireland was 710, and the total number alleged to have been damaged or destroyed was 41.

An Hon. Member—Give them time. They have only been at it for three months.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that the creameries in Ireland were the tradesmen, the farmers, the weak, excepting Sundays, in the summer, and three days a week in the winter, of hundreds of farmers. The creameries were the tradesmen sometimes of a dozen farmers. Army, from which orders to the local brigades were issued. One of them had been an actual base for the destruction of police. Many of them had been suspected by the police of being centres of plots against them. Undoubtedly some of the creameries had been destroyed by the Forces of the Crown, and in some cases they were justified in doing so. (Hear, hear.) In any cases in which they were justified in their destruction no compensation would be paid, if he had his way. The police would have been justified in burning the town of Nenagh. They did not, though he admitted that a creamery outrage—(cheers)—that inspired questions in the House of Commons, he would like every one condemned.

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SPECIAL EXTRA.

THE MURDERED OFFICERS.

LONDON ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUNERAL.

The War Office announces that the bodies of the ten officers who were murdered in Ireland on Sunday last will, it is expected, reach Euston on Friday morning, and at about 9.30 a funeral procession will start from the station. The military will consist of four battalions of Guards and two regiments of Household Cavalry, with massed bands of the Guards.

The bodies will be borne on gun carriages accompanied by pall-bearers and firing parties. The route will cover a distance of two and a half miles to Whitehall. Seven of the bodies will be taken to Westminster Abbey and three to Westminster Cathedral.

Services will be held in the Abbey and the Cathedral at 11, and at the conclusion the sprites and bugles of the Brigade of Guards will sound the "Last Post."

The relatives of the deceased officers will then take charge of the bodies, and in each case the burial from this point will be of a private character.

LIBERTY HALL SEARCHED.

LABOUR LEADERS ARRESTED.

A further extensive series of searches and arrests by forces of the Crown was carried out yesterday in Dublin city and suburbs. The military were very active during the "Curfew" hours and the early morning, and most of the arrests were effected then.

A strong contingent of military and Auxiliary Constabulary made a search of Liberty Hall at about noon yesterday. All the exits back and front were held by the Crown forces. All persons in the building were ordered to hold up their hands and were searched. Mr. Thomas Johnson, Secretary of the Irish Labour Party and Trade Union Congress, and Mr. Thomas Farren, ex-President of the latter organisation, who were in the premises when the military party arrived, were placed under arrest. They were put into a military motor lorry under an armed guard, and kept there during the entire period of the raid, which continued until late in the afternoon. The offices, which extend for some distance along Eden quay, were minutely searched. The military took possession of a number of flags and banners, including a large banner on which was painted a portrait of the late James Connolly. They also took away the instruments belonging to a brass and reed band and an Irish pipers' band. Several different sections of Trade Unions have offices in Liberty Hall and the adjacent premises, there being not less than 30,000 members of the Irish Transport Workers' Union in No. 1 branch at Beresford place and Eden quay.

The search was continued until about 5 p.m., when the Crown forces were withdrawn. They took with them four prisoners—Messrs. Farren and Johnson and two of the clerical staff employed at Liberty Hall. Messrs. Joseph Kelly and George Squire. During the search a quantity of papers, flags, and banners were burned in front of Liberty Hall. Cordons of soldiers held up the traffic in Beresford place and Eden quay, while an armoured car kept moving in the neighbourhood.

WHAT WAS FOUND IN LIBERTY HALL.

On the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons last night,

Mr. Henderson asked the Chief Secretary for Ireland whether a raid had been made

THE MURDER CAMPAIGN.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5, COLUMN 6.)

the step-father of Tariff Reform—that also was dead. He could not even bring to the front a patented Anti-Conscription Bill. (Laughter.) He told the House that Mr. Asquith all-round treason to run mail in Ireland, and that high treason started in 1916. The hon. member had got mixed up in his dates. He had forgotten his right hon. friend, Sir Edward Carson, who said that he was not sorry for the arming and drilling of forces opposed to him in Ireland, and that he started it himself. (Mr. Devlin) felt that the course taken by the Sinn Feiners in Ireland was not only justified by the speeches of Sir Edward Carson, but also by the speeches of those members of the Government who aided him and abetted him in starting a revolution by opposition to constitutional parliamentary methods. Was it any wonder, then, that there was one thing that seemed clear, that Ireland it was the intention of all this—a Bolshevist state established in terms—up there, eyes in sole—but it showed the utter bankruptcy of Sir Edward Carson. Why did they not demand the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, in the case of the speeches of those members of the Government who aided him and abetted him in starting a revolution by opposition to constitutional parliamentary methods, and in the case of the

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THE CROKE PARK SHOOTING.

The Competent Military Authority for the Dublin District has appointed a Military Court of Inquiry to investigate the affray which occurred between the Forces of the Crown and civilians in Croke Park last Sunday, as a result of which thirteen persons were killed and a number injured. The members of the Court visited the hospitals in which the bodies lay on Tuesday, and took evidence of identification, and medical evidence on oath. Permission was then given to the relatives of the deceased persons to remove the bodies for burial. The Court will take evidence from military, police, and other witnesses, and a statement, subsequent to the finding, will be issued at the conclusion of the proceedings. The inquiry is expected to last two or three days.

The official report states that the military inquiry into the circumstances connected with the shooting of civilians in Croke Park on Sunday has by arrangement been divided into three stages. The first of these includes the taking of medical evidence and the identifications of the bodies, and the second, which then will follow, will take a wider range, and include the examination of military and other witnesses who were spectators in the park. At neither stage will the inquiry be open to the Press, but it is considered probable that a statement will be issued at the close of the examination of witnesses.

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FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

MORE BUSINESS WITH FLAT TENDENCY. DUNLOPS ACTIVE AT LOWER PRICES. TEXTILES WEAK.

The aspect of the Stock markets again yesterday denoted increased uneasiness and want of confidence in business circles. Selling orders were everywhere in hand, and support even more circumscribed, except at fresh concessions, than on the previous day. The trade and commerce of the country have had a setback since concentrated upon recent events, and with the cancelling of business orders in very many directions unemployment will spread and the curtailment of staffs in factory and office quickly follow. Dunlop Rubbers, as a feature, were flat on continued forced selling countered by a certain amount of steady support for "averaging" purposes. Leading Funds, chief among which are Irish Land Stock, War Loan 3 p.c. and Funding Loan were very firm. Banks were more lower. Guinness were somewhat weak, and the pricey resulted. Otty fitted away very again, and Marconi shares offered freely in answer to London quotations. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were further pressed for sale and fell considerably. Parent Tyres offered also. Rails and Trams, though offered, did not quote. Textiles show fresh declines of 9d. to 2s. 6d. Dolphin Hotel Ord. fell sharply.

In the Funds, Consols rallied ⅛ to 44⅛, and War Loan 5 p.c. ⅛ to 85½; but War Loan 4 p.c. fell ¼ to 94½, Funding Loan 1¼ to 86¾, Guaranteed Lands ¼ to 51¼, and Irish Land 2½ p.c. ¼ to 44¼.

Banks showed weak points. Bank of Ireland fell 1 to 170, and Royals ¼ to 8¼. Hibernians, however, rose ¼ to 4¼.

In Breweries, Guinness were sellers. The Ord. fell ¼ to 323, and the Pref. ¼ to 9. Dublin Distillers' Pref. repeated 5¼.

City of Dublin Steam fell 3 to 133; and in Telegraphs, Marconi Ord. relapsed 2s. to 55s.

There was a lot doing in Dunlop Rubber Ord. Shares, between 21s. ½d. and 21s. 1½d., and closed at the latter figure. Parent Tyre Def. ranked sales 3d. to 5d. 9d.

In Drapery issues, Pim Bros. Ord. eased ⅛ to 5¼. Todd, Burns remain sellers, and again closed 15s.-17s. nominally. Others unaltered.

Textiles were all lower. Calicos fell 9d. to 21s. 6d., Conts 9d. to 48s. 3d. Cottons 2s. 6d. to 34s. 6d., and Spinners 1s. to 43s. 9d.

In Miscellaneous Securities, Dolphin Hotel Ord. fell ¼ to 2¼. Shells realised ⅛, a rise of ⅛; but Mexican Eagles fell ¼ to 11½.

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount	7½%, April 29, 1920.
Deposit	3%, April 29, 1920.

BUSINESS DONE.

Consols	44¼	44⅛
5% War Loan..(63½)	85⅛	85⅛
4½ War Loan..(94¼)	94⅝	94⅝
Funding Loan..(57½)	86¾	86¾
2½ Exch. Bonds....	98	98
War Bonds, 1922....	97½	97½
War Bonds, 1927....	94½	94½
War Bonds, 1928....	94½	94½
2½% Land Acts.....	44¼	44¼
Bank Ireland..(171)	170	170
Hibernians.....	(4¾)	4¼
Royal	(9¼)	8¼
Dublin Dist. Pref..(8½)	8½	8½
Guinness	(33)	32½
Do. Pref.....	(9½)	9

Odd lot.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

STOCK MARKETS DULL.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

After a fairly steady opening yesterday the Stock markets had to stand another bout of liquidation, which caused a set-back in most sections of the "House." The selling emanated principally from Liverpool, and the name of an old-established firm of stockbrokers in that city was freely mentioned, but no confirmation of the rumour could be obtained. The knowledge that further new issues are coming along, and the tightness of the Money market, which was certainly more pronounced than on the previous day, caused hesitancy in the investment departments. A reaction in the foreign exchanges militated against any recovery in Foreign Bonds, and, while the Railway sections were without appreciable movement, apart from the British lines, there was hardly sufficient business in them to really test values. The 5 p.c. War Loan was 85, and rather sellers at that, while some of the other gilt-edged issues had a weaker appearance.

LONDON STOCKS DEPRESSED.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

On the London Stock Exchange yesterday a moderate business was done in certain departments, but, speaking generally, conditions were exceedingly quiet. The interest taken by the public was very small, and it is keeping out of the market, pending developments. In the circumstances it was scarcely surprising that the tendency of prices should be downward. Nitrates were again flat, while movements in Oils were mostly adverse, and, indeed, most markets closed with a depressed appearance. The gilt-edged market was affected to a slight extent by the talk of a forthcoming Corporation issue, but prices did not vary to any material extent. The 5 p.c. War Loan was 85¼ at first, but lost ¼ at the close. Consols were weak at 44¼, and Funding Loan was easier at 87¼. Some of the National War Bonds were lower. The 3½ p.c. War Loan was 83¼.

FOREIGN BONDS DULL.—There was little movement in Foreign Government Bonds. The French Fives and Fours were fairly steady, the former at 44¼ and the latter at 36¼. There was no great strength in Japanese 4½ p.c. Some of the Chinese Bonds fell. The 4½ p.c. of 1898 were 60, but Mexican Irrigations were better at 41¼.

Changes—Rise: Russian Fives, ¼ to 20½. Falls: Chinese 4½ p.c., 1 to 60; Greek Fives, 2 to 43½; Japan New Fives, 1 to 72.

HOME RAILS INACTIVE.—Home Rails showed no sign of recovering, but there were few declines on the day. North-Western gave way to 76 offered, and that was also the quotation for Great Western, while Midlands were nominally unchanged to the lighter lines. Yorks were dull at 28½. Dever "A" at 27, and Brighton Def. at 44½. Metropolitans fell to 20, while North London was down to 50½.

CANADIANS AND MEXICANS QUIET.—Canadian Pacifics were ¼ higher at 166. Grand Trunk Ord. fell ¼ to 4½, the 1st Pref. fell a point to 40, and the 2nd ¼ to 29. Among Mexicans, the Firsts fell 1 to 48.

INDUSTRIALS FAIRLY STEADY.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Transactions in the Miscellaneous and Industrial market were again in appreciable proportions. The majority of orders appeared to be on the selling side, but a substantial amount of Stock was absorbed, and prices were not marked down any more rapidly than of late. On the position to be inferred from the increased interim dividend, Pease and Partners were a better market, and a statement, subsequently issued, showing Miscellaneous and Industrial profits for the year to 30th June last to be £1,000,000 more than in the previous year, was generally considered favourable. Elsewhere among Miscellaneous descriptions, Cements were steady at 24s., and British Portlands unaltered at 30s. 3d. Oil shares hardened up to 39s. The declaration of cakes hardened up to 39s. The declaration of a dividend of 1s. 6d. per share, free of tax, left the Amalgamated Cottons unaltered at 22s. 6d. Courtaulds were ⅛ easier on balance, closing at 74. Bleachers were lowered ¼ to 7, and Dyers shed ⅛ at this figure. Calicos lost 6 at 21s. 6d. A good demand sprang up for Sudan Plantations on the dividend and bonus of 25 p.c. for the year. The shares enjoyed a jump of ⅛ to 5, after being 5¼.

MINING MARKET.

IN THE ABSENCE OF DEMAND, SCATTERED LIQUIDATION CAUSES A GENERAL DECLINE IN VALUES.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

There were signs of a return to cheerfulness to be marked at the close on Tuesday, but the hopes encouraged by these symptoms were doomed to disappointment, for the opening yesterday was about as dull as it could be. Scattered liquidation in Kaffirs was still the order of the day, and although the sales were of only modest proportion nobody seemed anxious to buy, and thus prices underwent a further marking down process. A recovery in the price of gold to £5 17s. per oz. was without influence. Rhodesians were unable to shake themselves free from the surrounding dullness, and in the almost entire absence of demand prices were still inclined to droop. Falcon and Bechuanaland Exploration managed to resist the general tendency, but Charters, Tanks, and several others sought lower levels. Although the Paris exchange was less favourable, few selling orders were received from that centre, and Diamonds were characterised by steady appearance. Premier Def. maintained a steady appearance. Premier Def. sustained the turn and Akim were again subject to profit-taking, but De Beers and Jagersfontein remained at the previous levels. A drifting feeling remained at the metal price failed to infuse life into dealings in Tin Shares, and several Nigerians were marked down, while Pahangs did not were marked down, while Pahangs did not benefit from the publication of the satisfactory dividend announcement. West African Gold Shares were also idle and uninteresting. In the Australian section Barrier continued to fall away, there being no demand either here or on Colonial account, while the Gold Shares were left to themselves. Rises, among Coppers, relapsed sharply, but in the Miscellaneous department British Plaisance came into good request on the publication of the news as to the progress of development on the property. Mexican Eagle, however, were depressed, Esperanza, Camp can, however, were depressed, Esperanza, Camp Bird, and Santa Gertrudis suffering rather severely, the first-named on the very disappointing cable as to developments.

OIL SHARE MARKET LOWER.

AFTER EARLY FIRMNESS, THE LEADERS ARE FREELY OFFERED.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Oil Shares failed yesterday to maintain the improved tone which developed on Tuesday. At the outset firmness prevailed among the leaders and speculative favourites generally, opening quotations being mostly a trifle above the previous day's closing, but international favourites, such as Royal Dutch, Shells, Mexican Eagles, and Anglo-American being unfavourably influenced by the improvement in New York on the preceding day. Business, however, came along very slowly, on the whole throughout the early part of the day's dealings, and as the steady tone prevailed from after midday an easier tendency developed and prices gradually fell away, finishing dull, and in some cases appreciably lower on balance. Following New York, Royal Dutch made a good start, but failed to hold their early improvement, the shares finishing well below the opening level. Shells also had a distinctly less appearance during the early hours, but were freely offered later in the day, and gave way rather sharply. Mexican Eagles met with a bid for a time in the morning at an advance, but fell away into the afternoon, and finished substantially lower on the day. A sharp drop in Burmahs was reported to be due to the fact that there is a large block of shares overhanging the market. A heavy tone prevailed in the Trinidad group, where Apex, Leaseholds, and Centrals were all depressed, and United British further weakened. In other directions Lobitos provided a strong feature in the early hours, advancing sharply, and, although they came back with other things, a small gain was still registered at the end. Anglo-Egyptians "B" came on offer, and further fell away, although the company's production for the past week is of a satisfactory character, the output amounting to 5,678 tons, against 5,491 tons for the preceding seven days. Closing prices:—

Anglo-American	5½	5⅝
Anglo-Egyptian "B"	2⅞	2⅞
Anglo-Maikop	4/6	5/6
Anglo-Persian 6 pc. Pref.	21/0	22/0
Anglo-United	1	1
Apex Trinidad	2⅛	2⅜
Asiatic	2¼	2⅝
Atlantic Oil Syndicate	3/0	4/0
British Borneo Petroleum	1½	1¾
British Burmah Petroleum	1⅛	1⅛
British Colonial Petroleum	6/6	6/6
British Controlled Pref.	1/2	—3d.
British Motor Spirit	12/6	13/6
Burmah	7⅛	+6d.
Caltex Oil (£1)	1½	1⅝
Chloride Oil	6/0	7/0 —9d.
Ocean Oilfields (£)	4/0	4/6
Cyrena Oil Trust	3/0	3/6
Dacia Romana Pet. Syndicate	1½	1⅝
Eagle Transport Pref.	9⅛	9⅜
English Oilfields	1½	1⅝ —⅛
Esmeah Oil Fields	1⅛	1⅛
Hamilton's Oil Con.	2/3	2/6
Hecla Oil	2/1½	2/7½
Indo Burma Oilfields	3/0	3/6 —3d.
Kern River	21/0	21/6†† —9d.
Kirthar	1½	1⅝
Mahsud Trust	1½	1⅝
Mexican Eagle Oil	11⅛	11⅜ —⅛
Mexican Panuco Pref.	1½	1⅝
Mexican Sayula Pref.	11⅛	11⅜ —⅛
National Petroleum	⅛	⅜
New Schibaieff	⅛	⅜
North Caucasian	⅛	⅜
Oilfields of England	1½	1⅝
Orconera	1/7½	1/10½
Pan Dynamic	10/6	11/6 —9d.
Phoenix Oil	13/0	13/6 —9d.
Premier Oil (1st shares)	4/0	4/6 —1½d.
Rumanian Cons.	21/3	21/9 —9d.
Royal Dutch	59	60 —1½
Scottish American	23/3	23/9 —9d.
Shell Transport	6⅝	6⅞
Shell Transport Pref.	7⅞	7⅞ —3d.
Tampico Panuco Pref.	4/6	5/0
Tankers Pref.	16/6	17/0
Transoval Oil Shale	8/0	9/0
Trinidad Central	4⅞	5 —⅛
Trinidad Dominion	5/6	6/6
Trinidad Leaseholds	9½	9¾ —⅛
United British of Trinidad	1⅜	1⅝ —⅛
Vul Oilfields	1⅛	1⅜
Ursa Oilfields	1	1
Var Oil and Coal	19/0	19/6 —3d.
Venezuelan Oil Concessions	2/4	3/5 —⅛

* Ex div. † Ex rights.

RUBBER SHARES FEATURELESS.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

The Rubber share market was absolutely devoid of feature, while the position of the raw material receded to 1s. 1½d. per lb., Sendayan at 1s. 3¾, were marked 3s. 3d. lower, Baju Cavies fell 3s. 9d. to 29s. 3d., Selaba were 2s. 3d. lower at 30s. 3d., Pataling fell 1s. 9d. to 28s. 9d., while Linggi, Seremban, and Sumatra Consols were each 1s. lower. The only rises of interest were two of 10½d. in Bautaradwa and Kepong.

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may, therefore, vary to some extent from, those given in our comments.

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols	44⅛	44⅛	⅛
Funding Ln.....	87⅛	87¼	
Victory Bonds	97⅛	97⅜	
War Ln 3½ p.c.	83¼	84	
do. 4½ p.c.	94⅝	94⅝	
do. 5 p.c.	85½	85⅝	⅛
do. 4½	89¾	90	¼

HOME RAILS.

Brighton A Ord.	44⅝	44⅞	
Cal'dn.Dt.Ord.	21½	21¾	⅛
Cent. Loo. Def.	40	40½	
Chat'm. Ord.	37	37½	
Gt. Cent'l Ord.	21½	21¾	
Gt. Eastern Ord.	37½	37¾	
Gt. N. Pref.	61¼	61½	
Do. Def.	28⅝	29	
Do. Western Ord.	47⅛	47½	
Hull & Barns'y.	45½	45¾	
Lanca. & Yks.	84	84½	
L.&N.W. Ord.	73¾	74¼	½
do. 4½ Pref.	89	89½	
do. 5 & 6 Pref.	99	99½	
Do. Def.	20		

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Can. Pacific	163½	166	½
Grand Trunk Pref.	29	29½	
do. 4 p.c. Deb.	54	54½	
do. 1st Pref. 3½ p.c.	40	40½	
Do. Def.	23½	24	½
Mex. Central Ord.	4½	4⅝	
Mex. Rails, 1st Pref.	11	11½	
Mex. Nat. 1st	16	16½	
Mex. Nat. 2nd Pref.	8¾	9	⅛
Mex. Rails, 4 p.c.	17½	18	
do. 5 p.c. Pf.	45	45½	
do. 6 p.c. Pf.	57	57½	
San Paulo Or.	122	123½	
Un. Havana	71¼	71¾	

TELEGRAPHS.

A.-Amer. 10/-	16½	17	
Marconi Ord.	27	28	½
Do. Pref.	27	28	½
Do. Marine	1¾	1⅞	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Aerated Bread	11½	11⅝	
Armstrong	63	63½	
Armstrong Pref.	23/6	24/6	+6/3
Do. Pref.	14⅜	15	
Associated Lds.	4½	4⅝	
Assn'td. N.Lds.	6	6⅛	
Do. South. Ld.	5½	5⅝	
Anglo-Arg. Tel.	10½	10⅝	
Alsacng Ord.	74	83	
Do. 7 p.c. Pf.	87	87½	
Alby Und'g.	2/3	2/9	
Alsans	17/0	18/0	
Amalgam.	17½	18	½
Anglo-Chil'n	13½	14	½
Do. Pref.	15½	16	
Assoc. Cotton	20/6	1/8	
Boras Con. Dt. 1/- ord.	1½	1⅝	
Bov. Con. Ch.	2/6	2/9	+6/6
B.S.A.	16/9	17/9	
B.M.C. Ord.	2½	2⅝	
B.A.A. Stud	20/6	1/8	—3d.
Bass, Ratcl. Pf.	64	64½	
Bell's Asbest.	2½	2⅝	⅛
Brunner Mond	1½	1⅝	
Bubiana Pf.	1½	1⅝	
B.N.B. Ltd.	1½	1⅝	
Brazil'n Trac.	41⅞	42⅛	+⅛
Brit. Elec. Tr.	16	16½	
Do. 6½ % Deb.	86	89	
Bryant & May.	27/6	28/3	
Bisseltone	1½	1⅝	
Bradford Dyers.	2½	2⅝	
Bcsch Printers.	4½	4⅝	—⅛
Calico Printers.	19½	20	
Cammell Ld.	10/6	10/9	
Carreras	17/6	18/9	—10½
Coats	47/6	48/6	—9d.
Courtaulds	74	74½	
Courtelds.	7½	7⅝	⅛
Court Line	1½	1⅝	
Cunard Ord.	23/6	24/0	
Duff Dev.	10/6	11/6	
Dunlop Rub.	21½	21¾	⅛
Eastmans	23/6	1/6	
Furness Withy.	28/6	29/3	
Fisher	2/6	2/9	—6/3
Fox's Glass Pf.	7½	8	
Fine Spinners	39/6	43/9	
Guinness	319/36		
Do. Pref.	9⅛	9⅜	
Grahamstone	2/3	2/6	—6/3
Harrod's	1½	1⅝	
Hornsb. Col. Pf.	3½	3¾	
do. 1st Ch. Cor.	1½	1⅝	
Hudson's Bay.	3½	3⅝	
Im. Tobac. Or.	46/9	48/3	—6/3

† New Ord. Shares.

MINING SHARES.

Abosso	9/6	6d	
A.-Chatterial	15/6	6d	
Brit. Ex. Hill	1½	⅞	
Bk. Hill Prop.	2½	2⅝	
Bk. Hill North	2	2⅛	
Colombian Min.	1½	1⅝	
Daggafontein	5/6	6d	
Esperanza	4	4⅛	
Fauti Cons.	1½	1⅝	
Geduld	2¾	2⅞	
Globe & Phoenix	20/9	21/3	
Nundydroog	5/6	6d	

RUBBER SHARES.

Alliger	1/7	1d	
Anglo-Dutch	28/6	1/-	—9d
Anglo-Malay	96/10	1/01	—10½d
Bantardewa	16/6	1/01	
Batu Caves	26/3	5/9	
Besoot	28/6	4/-	
Bukit Panjang	1/9	4/-	
Bukit Rajah	2/3	1/-	
Chersonese	2/4	2/7	
Cicely	7/6	4/-	
Dominions	90/10	1/7	
Glenshiel	58/3	5/-	
Kamuning	2/4	4/-	
Kepitiagila	9/6	1/7	

TEA SHARES.

Assam. 50/- ..... Empire. 22/4½—14/-. Thamuie. 6/-. Jorai. 12/4½. Lebong. 24/6—4/6.

Ex-dividend.

INSURANCE SHARES.

SALES IN LONDON.—Alliance. New. 10/4. 8; Atlas. 14/-. 5; British General. 92/6. 74/6. 1/6; Commercial Union. 36/. 6/. Eagle Star. 15/6. 14/-; First National. 14/3. 14/6; General Accident. 63/9; London and Provincial Marine. 10/-. 7/6; London and Scottish. 14/-; Phœnix. 49. 17/6. 8/-; Royal. 17/-. 1/-. Sea. 76/10/6; United British. 24/-. 6/-. 5/3; Victory. 5/3/6; Western. 15/6. 16/3. 6d. 5/-; World Auxiliary. 15/6. 16/3.

SALES IN LIVERPOOL.—Alliance. £15 13/3; Commercial Union. 36; Liverpool and London and Globe (£4). 71/-; London and Lancashire. 10/6; Liverpool and London and Globe. 7/6; North British. 44/- Northern. 14/-. 2; Royal. 17/-. 4.

Coregum	15/-	2d.	+6d
Randfontein Estates	15/6	3d	
Rhod. Bk. Hill	15/6	3d	
South Kalgurli	5/6	+3d	
Sulphide Corp.	16/9	3d	
Transvaal Gold	6/6	6d	
Village Main Rf.	5/-	6d	
Wolhuter Gold	5/3	3d	
W. Rand Cons.	2/6	3d	
Zinc Ord.	15/6	9d	

Kepong	7/10	1	+10d
Kinta Kellas.	3/9	1	+1d
Kuala Lumpur	2/-	1	
Linggi	37/6	1/-	
Malakkas	2/3	1	—1½
Pataling	28/9	1	—9
Pilmoor	50/-	7	+1d
Rubber Trust	33/9	1	—9d
Selaba	30/3	2	—3
Selangor	5/3	4	+3d
Serdang	2/6	2	+6d
Seremban	20/-	1/-	
Sumatra Cons.	23/9	1	—1
Tremelbye	21/-	5	+1d
Yam Seng		2	/9

J. Brown	21	3	/9
do. (18/pd)	17	0	18/0
do. Def	13	6	14/6
do. Pref	13	6	14/6
Lyon	3	9	/-
Lovell Ch'mas.	21	2	/0
Lagunas	2	0	3/0—1/6
do. 6pcd.	1	0	/-
Lantaro Nit.	11	12	/-
Liverpool Nit.	1	0	/-
London Nit.	1	0	/-
Maple	1	0	/-
Lagos Rlwy.	11	9	12/9
Maypole Def.	2	0	/-
Mond Nickel	2	0	/-
Montr'al St. Db.	92	6	
Montreal Db.	29	12	/-
Mtl. Pr. Spg.	3	0	/-
Mtl. Rolls.	42	5	
do. L.&P. Db.	3	0	/-
Nitrate Corp.	2	0	/-
Nitrate Rlwys.	2	0	/-
Nitrate Trust	2	0	/-
Nitrate Ord.	2	0	/-
Nitrate Def.	2	0	/-
Nitrate Pref.	2	0	/-
Nitrate Rights	2	0	/-
Nitrate Shares	2	0	/-
Nitrate Stock

AUCTION TO-MORROW AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE. PIANOS.
BEDS, BEDDING, CARPETS, LINOLEUM, &c.
REMOVED FROM MESSRS. ANDERSON, STANFORD & RIDGEWAY'S STORES, PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN WATERFORD ROAD, &c., &c.

Comprising:—Five Upright Overstrung Cottage Pianos, full iron frames and full trichord, by Rosener (Berlin), Challenger and Co. and Brinsmead (London), Peters (Leipzig), J. B. Cramer and Co., etc., all brilliant, sweet-toned instruments; Drawingroom Lounges and Settees, 5 Lounge Arm Chairs, in silk tapestry, etc.; Chesterfields, two Buhl Card Tables and a 5ft. Buhl Break-front Cabinet, all in perfect order; Mahogany Inlaid, Gilt-framed, and Walnut-framed Overmantel Glasses; lofty Glass-back Sideboard, Georgian and Early Victorian Pedestal Sideboards, 10 French Spoon-back Chairs, solid mahogany frames; 6 other Sets of Mahogany Dining Chairs, in Morocco and Hair Cloth; Inlaid Drawingroom Settee Suite, mahogany frames; Mahogany and Walnut Cabinets, two Pair Convex Eagle Mirrors, Diningroom and Parlour Suites, two Sets of Spanish Mahogany Double Screw Dining Tables, one 16ft. and one 18ft. long, with centre support legs; 3 smaller Sets of Tables, Mahogany and Burr Walnut Oval and Round Tables, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, about 60 Coloured Prints, Paintings, and Engravings; French China Display Cabinets, Regulation Diningroom and Hall Clocks, 5 Hand-pierced Brass Fenders, Coal Boxes, Heavy Tapestry Curtains, Jacobean Sideboard, Oak Dining Table and Set 8 Oak Chairs, en suite; Brass Coal Scuttles, Brass-framed Recess Mirrors; large assortment of Decorative and other China, Brass Cake Stands, Japanese Enamel Work Box, 3-piece fine Gilt Dessert Service, about 20 small pieces of Silver, two Gold Watches and Chains, Old Sheffield Dish Cover, Salvers, Hot Water Dishes, etc.; a magnificent collection of Bedroom Furniture, including two 7ft. Burr Walnut Suites, fitted with drawers, etc., and mahogany lined throughout; one 6ft. Mahogany Inlaid Cheval Suite, cost 160 guineas; five smaller Suites, in Oak and Satin Walnut; Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Toilet Glasses, Dressing Tables, and Wash Stands, Deal Presses and Wardrobes, All-Brass and Black and Brass Iron Beds, Hand-enamelled, Oak, and Satin Walnut do., with best Wire and Pure Curled Hair Mattresses; Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Dressers; Pots, Pans, and Saucepans; Inlaid Linoleum Carpets and Stair Carpeting, Axminster and Velvet Rugs, Heavy Curtains 4-pull Porter Machine, Marble Counter-Top, two Cash Registers, one a Tota Adder; Garden Tools and Seats, and numerous other interesting lots. Good on View. Auction commences at 12.30. Pianos sold at 3 o'clock.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT
OF THE
AUCTION OF FINE ART PROPERTY
AT 16 KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN (MISS ELEANOR PERSSE).

MESSRS. BENNETT AND SON BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE ABOVE SALE WILL BE HELD ON WEDNESDAY, DEC. 15, 1920, AND FOLLOWING DAY.
INSTEAD OF ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY NEXT (AS PREVIOUSLY ADVERTISED).

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS.

COLLECTION OF EXCELLENT MODERN FURNITURE.

MESSRS. BENNETT & SON BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY WILL SELL THE ABOVE BY AUCTION
ON THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2ND, AT NOON,
IN THEIR SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY.

The collection includes a Grand Piano by Erard, Mahogany Dining Tables, do. Sideboards and Cabinets, Frames, Hall Furniture, in mahogany and walnut; Oak Dressers and Bookcases, Several Bedroom Suites, in Fire Irons, Glass, China, Engravings, &c., &c.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS, 6 Up. Ormond Quay, Dublin.

STOCK OF IRISH TWEEDS.

MESSRS. RENNETT AND SON ARE FAVOURED WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO SELL BY AUCTION,
On THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2ND, AT 12.30 P.M.
IN THEIR SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN,
THE ABOVE NEW STOCK,
Comprising: CHEVIOT CROSS-BRED and BOTANY SUITINGS, in Pieces and Costume Lengths, from 56 to 58 inches in width, in Fashionable Colours and Patterns.
ON VIEW THE DAY PRECEDING SALE. Purchasers to pay Five per cent. Auction Fees.

BENNETT & SON, AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS.

SALE THIS DAY (THURSDAY), AND TO-MORROW (FRIDAY).
EXECUTORS' SALE—MRS. A. L. BRADSHAW, DECD.
DALKEY.—31 ULVERTON ROAD.
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, JEWELLERY, SILVER, SHEFFIELD AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

Including—About 170 ounces of Silver, Jewellery, comprising ten Gold Rings, in various settings; nine Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Trinkets, &c.; Sheffield Plated Wares, including two 25-inch Salvers; nine Gold and Oil Paintings; Engravings; Piano, in Rosewood Case, by Blackmore and Co.; Burr Walnut Overmantel Cabinets; Rosewood Cabinet, Walnut and Rosewood Ormolu and Marqueterie Writing Tables, Inlaid Walnut Overmantels, Walnut Oval Tables, Chippendale Chairs; Pole and Pier Tables, Dining Chairs, in Morocco; Mahogany Sofas and Arm Chairs, fine old Brass Inlaid Writing Table, Mahogany Screw Bidet, Wash-hand Stands, Oak Dressers, Oak Hall Stand, Mahogany Screw Bidet, Feather Beds, Bedding, Gent.'s Mahogany and Enamelled Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Drawers, Diningroom Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Wash-stands, Chests of Drawers, Mirrors, Fenders, Mahogany Hall Stand and Chairs, Brass Stair Carpet Rods, Oilcloth; Kitchen Furniture, Glass, China, Cutlery, Linen, Sewing Machine; Greenhouse, 14ft. x 7ft. 6in.; Summerhouse, 7ft. x 6ft.; Garden Seat; nine Chickens, three Hens, seven Ducks, Hen Houses, Summerhouse, 7ft. x 6ft.; and Morning Room.

ORDER OF SALE—THURSDAY, 12 o'clock—Jewellery, Silver, Plated Ware, Drawingroom, Diningroom, and Morning Room. FRIDAY, 12 o'clock—Outdoor Effects, Kitchen, Bedrooms, Hall.

TALBOT COALL & SON, AUCTIONEERS, KINGSTOWN.

THIS DAY (THURSDAY), AT 3 O'CLOCK.
11 SOUTH KING STREET.
PLANT AUCTION.

A Choice Selection of Plants, including FRUIT TREES, ROSES, ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, from PENNOCK'S DELGANY NURSERIES; Apples, Cherries, Currants, Gooseberries, Loganberries, Pears, Plums, Raspberries, Laurels, Climbers, FLOWERING SHRUBS. Goods expertly packed and forwarded. View 11 till 1 o'clock, or 3 o'clock.

ARTHUR JONES & SON,
Auctioneers, Valuers, House Agents,
DUBLIN AND GREYSTONES.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
COLERAINE,
CO. LONDONDERRY.
MOST ATTRACTIVE AUCTION OF
MILLBURN HOUSE,
Situate in the Suburbs of Coleraine, on the Banks of the Bann.
AND SALE OF LANDS, &c., adjoining.

SALE ON THE PREMISES,
On WEDNESDAY, 8th DECEMBER,
at Two o'clock,
for the Representatives of the late Daniel Taylor, Esq., M.P.
TO BE SOLD, in a lot, or in the following Lots—viz.:—

LOT 1—All that the Georgian Residence, "Millburn House," standing in the centre of its own well-wooded grounds, containing in the whole 6a. 3r. 15p.

The Premises are only a few minutes' walk from town, and lie adjacent to the Bann River, and occupy one of the most picturesque and charming positions from the Bann. The Residence faces the South, and is bright, cheerful, and comfortable. It contains 8 reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, dressing-room, servants' apartments, hot press, 2 bathrooms on different floors, lavatory basin, 2 w.c.s, large kitchen, scullery, and pantries, all in proper condition, as the House has just been done up, and has modern sanitary arrangements. It stands only a few perches from the Coleraine road, and there is a neat gate lodge and good water supply.

OUTDOOR ARRANGEMENTS.
Two tennis courts, vineries, large walled garden, well stocked with fruit trees; about 2½ acres apple orchard, planted with best kinds of good yielding trees; extensive offices, in enclosed yard, comprising stables, carriage, etc.

The situation is perfect, 4½ miles from Portrush golf links, four miles from Portstewart Golf Links, and Bann fishing, shooting, and boating at hand, and altogether the property is of the most charming character, and such as is only occasionally in the market.

Also will be Sold, THREE LOTS OF LAND, adjoining, containing in the whole 11a. 3r. 35p., and TWO VERY NEAT MODERN COTTAGES.

The entire Property is held for ever, free from all rent.

We have pleasure in asking special attention to this important Sale. It offers an opportunity seldom open to buyers. The Residence is ideal, and the purchaser of it can secure, if so desired, all or either of the other lots, the whole forming a splendid property, free of all rent.

For Title, etc., apply to—

MACAULEY, O'NEILL, and MARTIN,
Solicitors for Vendors, Coleraine.

RICHARD HUNTER & SONS
AUCTIONEERS, COLERAINE.

TOWN OF LONGFORD.
IMPORTANT SALE OF VERY VALUABLE
FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,
AT CARTRON HALL,
On TUESDAY, 30th NOVEMBER, 1920,
For Safety of Rent, King Esq.

Sale commencing at 11 o'clock sharp, in Yard.

UNDERSIGNED have been instructed to Offer for Sale as follows:—

DRAWINGROOM—Grand Piano (Collard and Collard), Diningroom Suite, covered in silk; large Chesterfield Couch and Chair, large Gilt Framed Mirrors and Oil Pictures, Carpet, Fourth Rug, Window Poles, Hangings, Brass Fender and Irons, Gramophone, etc., etc.

DININGROOM—Diningroom Suite (almost new), large Carved Mahogany Bookcase and Press, Mahogany Roll-Top Writing Desk, Gilt Framed Mirrors, Oil Paintings, Silver, Carpet, Hearth Rugs, Brass Fender and Irons, Window Poles, etc.

BREAKFAST ROOM—Large Sideboard, Table, Chairs, Linoleum, etc.

HALL AND LANDING—Oak Hall Stand, Mahogany Table, Stair Rods, Carpet, Hanging Lamp, Pictures, etc.

BEDROOMS, 1, 2, 3—Walnut Bedroom Suites, Iron Bedsteads, Bedding, Hair and Spring Mattresses, Carpets, Linoleum, etc.

SERVANTS' ROOM—Iron Bedsteads and Mattresses, Wardrobe, Chairs, Toilet Table and Ware.

KITCHEN—Table, Chairs, Dresser, Bonstand, Presses, Delph, Dish Covers, ordinary Kitchen Utensils, etc.

YARD AND GARDEN—Coal (10 Tons), Fire-wood, Potatoes (2 Tons), Rockers, Spades, Lawn Mowers, Flower Pots, etc.

On another Account—Two Secondhand Ford Motor Cars, in good order.

N.B.—No outside articles taken for Sale.

Fee of 1s. charged, same to be refunded to purchasers.

Terms—Cash on day of Sale, with 5 per cent. Auctioneers' Commission.

BAXTER BROS.,
Auctioneers,
LONGFORD.

THE DUBLIN Week-end Paper is the "Weekly Irish Times," Special Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

AUCTIONS
BY
PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 26th NOVEMBER,
PIERCETOWN, DUNBOYNE, For D. Yourell, Esq.—Letting of 80 Acres Prime Grazing Land, in divisions.

SAME DAY.
RIBSTOWN, RATHFARNHAM, For W. J. Yourell, Esq.—120 Acres Grazing, in divisions. Sale at 1 o'clock.

SAME DAY.
KILLESTER, RATOATH—For F. Yourell, Esq.—20 Acres Grazing Land. Sale at 2 o'clock.

NEXT MONDAY, 29th NOVEMBER.
CLAVANSTOWN, DUNSHAUGHLIN—For M. McNamara, Esq.—Letting of 18 Acres for Grazing or Meadow. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

TUESDAY, 30th NOVEMBER.
MACEPOOL, THE WARD—For Mrs. Lalor—20 Acres Grazing. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
Auction-eers, Valuers, Etc.,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

SALES AND AUCTIONS
BY
C. J. RUSSELL.

LIVE STOCK SALE AT ASHBOURNE.
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), NOVEMBER 26th,
Commencing at 12 o'clock sharp.
425 HEAD,

Comprising Springers, Milch Cows, 2½ and 3-year Bullocks (including many lots fat and in forward condition), Fully Bullocks, 1 A.I. Hereford Cross Bullocks and Heifers, 1½ and 2-year Store Cattle, Fat and Store Wethers and Ewes, Fat and Store Lambs, etc. Also will be Sold (without reserve), Grass Bullocks, Hurdles, Ash Crusher, Lady's Bicycle, a large quantity of Drain Pipes (6-inch bore), etc.

A motor car to convey Clients to Sale will leave Phibsborough, Dublin, at 11 o'clock sharp, returning to city after sale.

C. J. RUSSELL,
Auctioneer.
ASHBOURNE.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE, 176 ACRES IN HANDS, PROFIT RENT, £212 13s. 4d.,
AT THIS OFFICE ON THURSDAY,
2nd DECEMBER, at 2 o'clock.

The House, LITTLE LISSEN HALL, is in perfect order, and with large yard, out-offices, garden, and herd's house, is pretty situated within 1 mile of Swords. The Land is good, well watered and fenced, and the present grazing rental exceeds £1,100. The P.L.V. of the House and Land in hand is £240. The estate for sale comprises 519a. 1r. 25p., subject to adjusted fee-farm rent of £144 16s. 8d., two solvent tenants hold 143a. 3r. 9p., their P.L.V. being £163 and their yearly rents £157 10s., leaving a profit rent of £12 13s. 4d., and the Residence and 176 Acres Free of all Rent.

Immediate possession. Arrangements as to deferred payment can be made with owner.

Conditions of Sale from
MORAN and DEVINE, 32 Dame street, Dublin; or
LEONARD, SON & CO., LTD.
17 LOWER DOMINICK STREET.

ITALIAN VESSEL LUISA.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 30th NOVEMBER, 1920, at the SALES ROOMS, 70 SOUTH MALL, CORK, at One o'clock, by instructions of the Owner and Master, Captain Angelo Benvenuto, the THREE-MASTED SCHOONER LUISA, of Genoa, 1,628 Tons Register, built at Genoa about 1904; gross tonnage, 2,500 tons dead weight; carrying capacity about 650 standards pitch pine or about 870 standards Canadian pine; draught, 24 feet.

The Vessel is metal sheathed, very strongly built on Oak Frames, pitch pine Keelson, Beams, etc., planking, Bilge Keels, etc., all fastened with Italian iron Bolts, and has made several voyages to Pensacola without ballast. She was damaged by a shell fire off the south coast of Ireland, towed to Cork Harbour, where she discharged a cargo of pitch pine. The damage to frames, outer planking, and foremast has been repaired sufficiently to enable the vessel to proceed to any port in the United Kingdom.

She will be sold as she now lies at Albert quay, Cork, with all gear, including two complete sets sails, etc.

Inspection is invited. Inventory of gear and further particulars from
Messrs. J. and J. BENNETT, Solicitors, Cork; or
W. MARSH & SONS,
AUCTIONEERS, CORK.

"IRISH TIMES"
BRANCH OFFICE,
108 ROYAL AVENUE,
BELFAST.
Phone—1787, Belfast.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

PROPERTY SALE. THIS DAY (THURSDAY), AT 1.15 O'CLOCK, AT OUR PROPERTY SALEROOMS, SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

No. 30 IONA CRESCENT, GLASNEVIN,
WITH POSSESSION.

Head rent £5. Lease 999 years. The House is extremely dry inside, and does not require a penny outlay.

ORDERS TO VIEW FROM THE AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs. H. T. DIX and SONS, 24 Clare street, Solicitors.

58 OAKLANDS PARK, BALLSBRIDGE.
MODERN SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, WITH POSSESSION.

Held for about 140 years to run, subject to a ground rent of £4 per annum. P.L.V. £24.

Caretaker in house daily, from 1 o'clock to 5 o'clock.

R. M. O'GRADY, Esq., Solicitor, 22 Nassau street.

14 LONGWOOD AVENUE, S. C. ROAD.

Long garden. Head Rent £4 14s. 6d., unadjusted. Lease 500 years from 1857. Valuation, £25.

THIS HOUSE CAN BE SEEN DAILY.

F. SHARPE, Esq., Solicitor, 16 College green.

No. 8 BELGRAVE ROAD, MONKSTOWN.
WITH POSSESSION.

Held for 500 years, subject to £9 per annum. P.L.V., £35. ORDERS TO VIEW FROM THE AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs. LONGFIELD, KELLY, and ARMSTRONG, Solicitors, 25 Clare street.

ON VIEW THIS DAY. SALE TO-MORROW.
FURNITURE AUCTION,
STRATFORD HOUSE, TERENURE ROAD.

HAVING SOLD THE HOUSE, WE ARE NOW FURTHER INSTRUCTED TO SELL THE FURNITURE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

THIS DAY (THURSDAY),
IN CENTRAL AUCTION ROOMS, 9 BACHELOR'S WALK,
USUAL WEEKLY AUCTION OF
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,
REMOVED FROM TRITONVILLE ROAD, PEMBROKE PARK, HADDINGTON ROAD.

American Organ; massive Spanish Mahogany Sideboard (lofty Mirrored Back); Ash Bedroom Suite, old Gilt Mirror, Mahogany Drawers, Walnut Hall Stand, two Sets of Telescope Mahogany Dinner Tables, Recess Mahogany Cupboard, two Diningroom Suites, Oak Bedsteads and Bedding, Oak Bedroom Suite, Suites, two 5ft. Mirrored Sideboards, Curtains, Poles, Carpets, Rugs, Silver and Plated Ware, Urns, Silver-Plated Trays, Jewellery, 1,000 Vols. Books, Cooper Muller, 6ft. Mahogany Sideboard, Ash Bedroom Suite, Nelson 7ft. Table, Hall and Mantel Clocks, two Hall Seats, Wardrobe, 7ft. Tables, Wasbstand, Ware, Rails, Glass and Vases, Overmantels, Dinner and Tea Ware, &c.

SALE AT ONE O'CLOCK. FEES—FIVE PER CENT.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY:
HOUSE & SHOP, IN PROMINENT CITY THOROUGHFARE, ALSO, HOTEL, IN WORKING ORDER,
ADJACENT NELSON PILLAR.

PATRICK A. WREN,
AUCTIONEER, HOUSE AGENT, &c., 9 BACHELOR'S WALK. TEL. 157.

MACHINERY CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 11).

WE can offer Ransomes Potato Diggers, Chain Harrows, and Bamford Ploughs, also Plough Frames to suit; prices quoted on application.—Ransomes, Sims and Jefferies, Limited, 14 Lombard street, Dublin. D

WANTED to Purchase, for Sale, a Secondhand 16 to 20 h.p. Portable Oil or Steam Engine, in good working order; must be in good working order; required for sawing timber and all farm work. Apply "S 882, Irishtry Ltd. D

TIMBER.

WANTED, Rods and Thorn Timber, 3" diameter and over; prices quoted on application.—Ransomes, Sims and Jefferies, Limited, 14 Lombard street, Dublin. D

WANTED, 500 Hurdles; have to Gallet and Hammer. McKeowne, Sale Doctors, 14 Aungier street, Dublin. Established 1850. T

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

NETS and Netting for Rabbits, Hares, Plover, Fish, and Fruit Nets, Lawn Tennis Nets, Cricket Nets, Tennis Nets, Seamless Sunshine; lists free.—Daniells, Crampton Court, Dublin.

RABBIT Nets, Hare Nets, Bearing Wire, Rabbit Netting, Fencing Wire, Netting, Twine; lists free.—I. Keogh, Irish nets, Dublin.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should sow Sutton's Vegetable and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes since 1900.—Sutton and Sons, Reading and Dawson st.

ALSO Duke of York, Enniskillen, Cypress, Middleton Gaiety, Drummond's First and Best Kidney, Tranwell Perfection, Dunbrody, and Kerr's Pink Potatoes; for immediate delivery.—W. Drummond and Sons, Ltd., 37 and 38 Dawson st. D

APPLE Trees, best varieties, clean, healthy, splendidly rooted, 2-yr. 6-9 each; 3-yr. 9-12 each; carry and plant free, 28.—Sykes, 12 varieties, 27/6, 40/—Bird, Lucanstown, Rathfarnham.

APPLES—One Ton very choice handpicked Bramleys, c.i.f. Kingstown, 9/- per stone.—Bradley, Kilkenny.

AUCTION, Plants, Fruit Trees, Roses, Shrubs, 12 South Anne st.—Wednesday, 1 o'clock.—Arthur Jones, Auctioneers.

BULBS, grand mixed Daffodils and Tulips, 10s. cwt., 1cb. sheet 500, carriage paid, 10s. each with order.—Miss Barnett, Kilkenny. Kilkenny. Westmeath.

CABBAGE

Delicious Early White Heartless Cook's, Enfr and Late York, Drumhead, Flat Dutch, 2- 100, true; 15, 1,000, carriage paid.

RAMSAY, BALLSBRIDGE.

FLOWERING and Evergreen Shrubs, Climbing and Hedging Plants, choice varieties; catalogue free.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

FRUIT Trees, Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Peaches, healthy trained trees, leading varieties, Ramblers and Climbers.—Ballsbridge.

GLOXSEDERIAS, all colours, strong fruiting Trees, 2/6 doz.; smaller, 12-; packing, 1/—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

MACKEY'S Premier Bulbs—Special Offer, for Present Planting—Hyacinths, Tulips, Daffodils, Crocus, Scillas, 12 10; Ballsbridge.

MACKEY'S Ballsbridge (Registered), a specially prepared Potato Manure, for Present Planting, in Bags, price 14 per bushel, half bushel 2/9, pack 2/, packet 8d. Carriage paid, 12 10.

MACKEY'S Narcissus Polyanthus, Paper White, 2/6 doz., 15/- 100; Double White Peerless, 3/6 doz., 25/- 100; Golden Spur, Double Yellow, 3/6 doz., 25/- 100; Barri Conspicuus, 2/6 doz., 15/- 100; Emperor, Sir Watkin, 2/ doz., 12/6 100; Barri Conspicuus, 1/6 doz., 10/- 100; Primrose, Daffodil and Narcissus, mixed, 1/6 doz., 10/6 100.

MACKEY'S Hyacinths, First size Bulbs for Pots, Roman Bulbs, and Narcissus, 2/6 doz., 20/- 100; Single Roman Hyacinths, 3/6 dozen; All colours mixed, 2/6 doz., 20/- 100; Trumpet Major, Stacey's Darwin and Cottage, 1/6 doz., 10/6 per 100; Golden Spur, Double Yellow, 3/6 doz., 25/- 100; Barri Double Murillo pink, 3/6 dozen, 25/- 100; Barri Conspicuus, 2/6 doz., 15/- 100; Golden Crown, 3/6 100; Columbine Madonna 1/6 doz., 10/- 100.

MACKEY, Sir James W., Ltd., The Premier Seed Establishment of Ireland, Upper Sackville st., Dublin. 12 16

POTTING Mould, finest quality, specially prepared, 2/- bushel, 2 bushels 3/6, delivered.—Reade, Rathgar. X

RHUBARB, best early scarlet, stock, several crowns on each, 12/6, 18/- to 30/- dozen, packing 1/- Burnett, Clonskeagh. X

RASPBERRIES, strong fruiting canes, superlative flavour, 12/6 100, carriage paid, packing 1/- Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

SEAKALE Plants, for forcing or planting 5/- per dozen, post free.—Meissner, Lissenhall, Sutton.

STRAWBERRY Plants, strong one year old, Royal Sovereign, Daxton, and other leading varieties, 12/6 100, carriage paid; post free 5/6, with illustrated cultural instructions.—Ramsay, Ballsbridge.

WALLFLOWERS, all colours, separate strong plants, 1/6 doz., 10/- 100; Sweet Williams, 6d. doz., 3/6 100; Forget-me-not, 6d. doz., 3/6 100. Write for list.—Young, Tyrrelstown, Dublin.

YOUNG Trees—Copper, 3- doz., 5/6- 100; Douglas, 3- doz., 4/6; Aso, 2/- doz., 8/- 100 all 2-yr. transplanted, 2/6 doz., etc. Write for list.—Young, Tyrrelstown, Dublin.

BIRDS, POULTRY, FISH, DAIRY, &c.

ALBUMEN Meal, Dry Mash for Soft Food, 20% cwt.; Special Grain, 27/- cwt.—Ranelagh Mills, Ranelagh. X

A1 FEEDING Meal, 20% cwt.; free sample will convince you to buy.—Ravensdale Mills. 40

A1 VALUE in Poultry Foods—Special Mixed Grain, 24/- cwt.; Layers' Meal, 20/- cwt.; Chick Meal, 26/- cwt.; Sunset Ground Oats, 24/-; Indian Meal, 22/-; Pollard, 20/-; carr. free on rail; cash with order.—Drain Milling Co., Ltd., Kilmainham road, Dublin. F

BROOD Sows, Yorkshire, 12 to 16 months old, £8 to £9 each.—Apply Manager, Model Farm, Glasnevin. T

CANARIES, Cock Birds, Borders, Belgians, Fifies, Rollers, Coppies, Cages, Seeds, Foods, Gravel, Drinker.—Kenny's, 14 D'Olier st. T

FOR Sale, Tonk-nee Yudden Gander and three Geese, price pounds 2 @ 800, Dundalk.—This office. F

FOR Sale, middle of December—Lot 1, Dunkeith, has a limited number of her pedigree laying strain White Wyandottes, White Leghorns, 1918-1919 pens, 10/6 and 15/6.—Secretary, Ballywalter Park, Co. Down.

FOR Sale, Ayr pickedill Wean Calves, Dublin 12 months old, 12/5 each, early cheap; can send on approbation.—Apply "S 943, Cockerels, this office.

FOR Sale, five Fillets, nine months, Anconas and Rhodes, pure, 10/6 each.—24 Dalkeith park.

FOR Sale, 18 Rhode Island Red 1918 Hens, pure bred, 7/6 each, 2 Hens Offer.—Barrow st. Bridge.

GRAND Breeding Pen 6 Rhode Island Hens, Maxwell Strain, Winners Dublin and Cork.—Apply Ross, Ard Mhuire, Dalkey.

HAWLMARK Bulls for Present Planting, Cheap, Grand Young Bulls, Shorthorn, Galloway, Strippd, Gelt; Heifers 1/4 down, 8/6 100; Mixed, 5/- down, 6/6 100; Sows, 4/6 100; Sucking Barn Cockerels, 1/6; Pullets, Anconas, Rhodesian, Sussex, 2/6, 3/6 each.—Apply Miss Dickson and Sons, Ltd., Hawlmark, 31 Dawson st., Dublin.

MY hens laid double the eggs while getting Ostlie Poultry Spice.—Mrs. Sullivan, Rathcoole, Kerry. Ostlie Spice sells at 7/6, 1/3, 2/6, etc., post paid; 1/- parcel Carriage Paid.—Ostlie and Co., Ospel st., Dublin.

PURE New Milk, delivered twice daily, Booby Park, Highfield road, Rathgar.—Apply Creamery, Queenstown.

RARE chance of making up a Pure Bred Flock, Ard Benvenuda, the THREE-MASTED SCHOONER LUISA, of Genoa, 1,628 Tons Register, built at Genoa about 1904; gross tonnage, 2,500 tons dead weight; carrying capacity about 650 standards pitch pine or about 870 standards Canadian pine; draught, 24 feet.

The Vessel is metal sheathed, very strongly built on Oak Frames, pitch pine Keelson, Beams, etc., planking, Bilge Keels, etc., all fastened with Italian iron Bolts, and has made several voyages to Pensacola without ballast. She was damaged by shell fire off the south coast of Ireland, towed to Cork Harbour, where she discharged a cargo of pitch pine. The damage to frames, outer planking, and foremast has been repaired sufficiently to enable the vessel to proceed to any port in the United Kingdom.

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Messrs. J. and J. BENNETT, Solicitors, Cork; or
W. MARSH & SONS,
AUCTIONEERS, CORK.

FURNITURE, MUSIC, PIANOS, &c.

A 7ft. Burr Walnut Suite, fitted with drawers, etc., and mahogany lined throughout; one 6ft. Mahogany Inlaid Cheval Suite, cost 160 guineas; five smaller Suites, in Oak and Satin Walnut; Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Toilet Glasses, Dressing Tables, and Wash Stands, Deal Presses and Wardrobes, All-Brass and Black and Brass Iron Beds, Hand-enamelled, Oak, and Satin Walnut do., with best Wire and Pure Curled Hair Mattresses; Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Dressers; Pots, Pans, and Saucepans; Inlaid Linoleum Carpets and Stair Carpeting, Axminster and Velvet Rugs, Heavy Curtains 4-pull Porter Machine, Marble Counter-Top, two Cash Registers, one a Tota Adder; Garden Tools and Seats, and numerous other interesting lots. Good on View. Auction commences at 12.30. Pianos sold at 3 o'clock.

A TABLE, long narrow, deal, painted, drawer, Baby Chair, Mahogany, Cane; other Bargains.—Apply Lower Beechwood avenue. F

A LOVELY sewn toned Piano, by Pigott; iron frame; 35 gns.; cheap.—Le, 18 Charlotte st., top Camden st.

A UNIQUE Mahogany Bureau for Sale, with external writing handles, fine condition.—Apply "P 497, this office.

A BEAUTIFUL Upright Grand Piano for Sale, cheap.—Barrett, 3 Charlemont st.

A CABINET Grand Piano, good order; must be sold, owner having no room.—T 69, this office.

A COTTAGE Piano or Pianette Wanted; send description, price.—T 494, this office.

FOR Sale, Secondhand Mahogany Bedroom Suite, with Pink Rods, 8ft.—T 514, this office.

FOR Sale, Secondhand Cornet, in B flat, with case.—T 494, this office.

GRAMOPHONE Records, Richmond, 2d. each; Regent, 3d. each; Columbia, 4d. each; Zonophone, 6d. each; Gramophone Concert, Euston road.

GRAMOPHONE—Enormous reduction in prices in Exeter's Cycle, Zonophone, and Columbia; all the latest Records.—O'Neill, 30 North King st. T

FURNITURE CONTINUED

GRAMOPHONE—Wanted, Auction, Vocalion or His Master's Voice; must be up-to-date price.—T 1976, this office.

LAWLOR Brisbon will Buy or Sell your Surplus Stock; auction every Thursday.—Ormond quay. T

PIANO, for sale at less than half cost; Cramer, Iron frame, full compass; cheap.—Apply 7 Upper Fitzwilliam st. D

PIANO for Sale in Sligo, Upright Cottage, by Hopkinson, in good condition; price £75 guineas; also small Piano, by Rosener, Berlin, in perfect condition, £50.—Le, 18 Charlotte st., top Camden st.

PIANO, by Challen, for Sale, in Sligo, Upright Cottage, by Hopkinson, in good condition; price £75 guineas; also small Piano, by Rosener, Berlin, in perfect condition, £50.—Le, 18 Charlotte st., top Camden st.

SOME 8/6 pieces Antique Furniture to be Sold Privately, including Sheraton sideboard.—T 8, this office.

DRESS, SUITS, ETC.

ABOUT Costume—Mrs. Cecil, 4 Upper Ormond quay, highest prices Ladies' items; Children's Left-Off Clothes, Furniture, Jewellery, Curios, Gents' cast-off clothing wanted; parcels received.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cecil, 4 Upper Ormond quay, highest prices Ladies' Left Off Clothes, Furniture, Jewellery, Curios, Gents' cast-off clothing wanted; parcels received.

ABOUT Costume, Millinery, Furniture; distance no objection.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Ladies' Gents', Children's Left Off Clothes, Furniture, Jewellery, Curios, distance no object.—Mrs. White, 16 Aungier st.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Bedding, etc., and 42 Aungier st. T

BLACK Winter Coats, 42 in., length, new, slight fault, 25/; Navy Costume, £2.—R 0 576, Irish Times, Ballsbridge.

BOX Basket for Sale, 38in. chest, quite new.—Apply Church, 7 Upper Ormond quay.

EVE'S Pets for Sale, sire 42, barguin, 21.—5 Eglington road, Donnybrook.

FRENCH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Designing.—Madame Dolan, late Assistant at Cachoux's' Materials Made to Order.—Apply 10 Upper Fitzwilliam st.

FUR Necklet, 10/; Fur Trimmings, 1/- per yard; 50 Corset Steel Casts, at given worst prices; Fur Coats and Capes, Fur Collars, Cuffs, Muffs, Stoles.—Dolan, 7 Dame st., Dublin.

FUR Coat Wanted; must be cheap.—T 1, this office.

FURS Altered and Repointed to present fashion, Hems, 7/4 Lower Camden street, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Secondhand Tweed Costume, size 42, Navy Blue, Material Unshrinkable, Cheap.—Apply Mrs. Hall, 7 Upper Fitzwilliam st. F

FOR Sale, Strait Stole and Muff, good condition, 30/-.—T 1449, this office.

FOR Sale, Fawn Dolman Coat, 42 in., 30/-; Navy Costume, 30/-.—T 448, this office.

HAT, large black, Velvet Crown, deep relief, cost £5 5; like new, 30/. Also Misses' Tweed Costume and Hats, suit working woman, 30/.—T 2 999.

IRISH Linen Drapery Prepaid, Gardens, 44 Mary st., Dublin.

LADY'S Black Coat lining, medium size, almost new, 10/.—T 2 975, this office.

LADY'S Black Costume Coat, skunk collar, latest shape, 25/; also 42/- Coat, 25/.—T 2 976, this office.

LADY'S Black Costume Coat, skunk collar, latest shape, 25/; also 42/- Coat, 25/.—T 456, this office.

LADY'S Costume, in good condition, moderate price.—T 2 974, this office.

LADY'S Black Riding Boots, size 6, in good condition; approval.—T 2 974, this office.

LADY'S Black Riding Boots, size 6, in good condition; approval.—T 2 974, this office.

LADY'S Black Riding Boots, size 6, in good condition; approval.—T 2 974, this office.

LADY'S Astrida Coat, tall, large size; state price.—T 2 973, this office.

LADY'S Black Riding Boots, size 6, in good condition; approval.—T 2 974